

ANNUAL REPORT 2019-20



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Sanjay Sharma

Ms. Reena Wahi

Mr. Ashish Singh

Mr. Kamlesh Parekh

Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. Amit Sheth **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari Manager

Mr. Jagatpal Singh **Company Secretary**

CORPORATE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

U74120MH2014PTC251684

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Deloitte Haskins and Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

Mr. Umesh P. Maskeri, Practicing Company Secretary

REGISTERED OFFICE

E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai 400 033 Tel: +91 22 6661 4444

WEBSITE

www.trilit4.com

CONTACT DETAILS OF THE DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

VISTRA ITCL (INDIA) LIMITED

(Formerly IL&FS TRUST COMPANY LTD.) CIN: U66020MH1995PLC095507

Address: The IL&FS Financial Centre, Plot C- 22, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,

Bandra(E), Mumbai 400051 Website: www.vistraitcl.com

Phone: +91 22 2659 3535

Fax: +91 22 2653 3297



NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 6th Annual General Meeting of the Members of TRIL IT4 Private Limited will be held on Monday, September 28, 2020 at 02:30 p.m. through Video Conferencing or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) at shorter notice to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- **1.** To consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors' thereon.
- **2.** To re-appoint Mr. Sanjay Sharma (DIN: 00332488) as a Director of the Company, who is liable to retire by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. To consider appointment of Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari as Manager:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of section 196, 197, 203(1) read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, (the Act), and the rules made thereunder and such other applicable provisions, if any, (including any statutory modification and reenactment thereof), approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to appoint Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari as Manager of the Company and be considered as Key Managerial Personnel in terms of section 203 of the Act, with effect from April 17, 2020, upon the following terms and conditions of appointment:

Date of Appointment: - April 17, 2020

Tenure: - 5 years

Reporting to: - Board of Directors

Remuneration: - No remuneration to be paid

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such appointment and/or agreement in such manner as the Board may deem fit and as may be acceptable to Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari, Manager.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary, proper or desirable and to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard and things as may be necessary for expedient thereto to give effect to aforesaid resolution."

4. To consider appointment of Mr. Kamlesh Parekh as an Independent Director:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof and any rules made thereunder, for the time being in force) (the "Companies Act") and pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to such other approvals as may be required, Mr. Kamlesh Parekh (DIN: 00059140), who was appointed as an Additional Director by the Board of Directors with effect from May 18, 2020 and is eligible for appointment as Independent Director and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term commencing from May 18, 2020 till May 17, 2023.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors or any other person authorized by the Board be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary to give effect to this resolution".

5. To consider appointment of Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as an Independent Director:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof and any rules made thereunder, for the time being in force) (the "Companies Act") and pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to such other

approvals as may be required, Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar (DIN: 00021947), who was appointed as an Additional Director by the Board of Directors with effect from May 18, 2020 and is eligible for appointment as Independent Director and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, from a member proposing her candidature for the office of Director be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term commencing from May 18, 2020 till May 17, 2023.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors or any other person authorized by the Board be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary to give effect to this resolution".

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 26, 2020

Registered Office:

E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai 400033 By the order of the Board For **TRIL IT4 Private Limited**

Jagatpal Singh

Company Secretary (ICSI Membership No.: A49006)

NOTES:

1. In view of the global outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020 in relation to "Clarification on holding of annual general meeting (AGM) through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM)" read with General Circular No. 14/ 2020 dated April 8, 2020 and the General Circular No. 17/ 2020 dated April 13, 2020 in relation to "Clarification on passing of ordinary and special resolutions by companies under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder on account of the threat posed by Covid-19" (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM on Monday, September 28, 2020 at 02:30 p.m. (IST). The deemed venue for the 6th AGM will be the registered office of the Company E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai - 400033.

Since the number of members are less than 50, the Chairman may decide to conduct vote by show of hands, unless demand for a poll is made by any member in accordance with Section 109 of the Act.

- 2. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS/HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. SINCE THIS AGM IS BEING HELD PURSUANT TO THE MCA CIRCULARS THROUGH VC OR OAVM, THE REQUIREMENT OF PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH. ACCORDINGLY, IN TERMS OF THE MCA CIRCULARS THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THIS AGM AND HENCE THE PROXY FORM AND ATTENDANCE SLIP ARE NOT ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.
- 3. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 4. Corporate members intending to attend through their authorised representative, to attend the AGM are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG format) a certified copy of its Board or governing body Resolution / Authorization to the Company, authorising them to attend and vote through VC/OAVM on their behalf at the AGM.
- 5. As per the provisions of Clause 3.A.III. of the General Circular No. 20/ 2020 dated May 5, 2020, the matters of Special Business as appearing at Item No. 3, 4 & 5 of the accompanying Notice, is considered to be unavoidable by the Board and hence, forming part of this Notice.
- 6. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act setting out material facts concerning the business under Item No. 3, 4 & 5 of the Notice is annexed hereto. The relevant details, pursuant to Secretarial Standards on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at this AGM are also annexed. Requisite declarations have been received from Director, for seeking re-appointment.

- 7. The Company shall provide the required link to attend the 6th AGM of the Company at their registered email address / at the email address of the authorized representative, as the case may be, before the meeting, which would facilitate the Members/Authorized Representative, as the case may be, to attend the AGM via VC or OAVM. In case, any Members/Authorized Representative, as the case may be, need any assistance with using the technology, can contact the Company at following email id: jagatpalsingh@tatarealty.in or call during the business hours at 022 6661 4444.
- 8. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 30 minutes before and 15 minutes after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice.
- 9. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20, is being sent by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories.
- 10. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/mobile numbers, PAN, registering of nomination, power of attorney registration, Bank Mandate details, etc., to their DPs in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the Registrar at www.kfintech.com in case the shares are held in physical form, quoting your folio no.
- 11. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, the facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a Member desires to cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he may submit the same in Form SH-14. Members are requested to submit the said form to their DP in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the RTA at www.kfintech.com in case the shares are held in physical form, quoting your folio no.
- 12. The format of the Register of Members prescribed by the MCA under the Act requires the Company/Registrars and Share Transfer Agents (RTA) to record additional details of Members, including their PAN details, e-mail address, bank details for payment of dividend etc. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit the filled in form to the Company at the registered office or to the Registrar in physical mode, after restoring normalcy or in electronic mode at www.kfintech.com, as per instructions mentioned in the form. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit the details to their respective DP only and not to the Company or RTA.
- 13. Members holding shares in physical form, in identical order of names, in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or RTA, the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holdings in one folio. A consolidated share certificate will be issued to such Members after making requisite changes.
- 14. To support the 'Green Initiative', Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with their Depository Participants ("DPs").

- 15. Members who wish to inspect the relevant documents referred to in the Notice can send an email to jagatpalsingh@tatarealty.in up to date of this Meeting. The Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may raise the same at the meeting or send them in advance (mentioning their name and folio no.), at least 3 days prior to the date of the AGM at jagatpalsingh@tatarealty.in.
- 16. In case of joint holders attending the AGM, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
- 17. Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act and Register of Contracts or arrangements in which Directors are interested, if any maintained under Section 189 of the Act will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. The document shall be shared by a screen share option in electronic mode.
- 18. In case of a poll on any resolution at the AGM, members are requested to convey their vote at the following designated Email ID <u>jagatpalsingh@tatarealty.in</u>.
- 19. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, The Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 26, 2020

Registered Office:

E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai 400033 By the order of the Board

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Jagatpal Singh

Company Secretary (ICSI Membership No.: A49006)

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

As required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the following explanatory statement set out all material facts to the business mentioned under following Items of the accompanying Notice.

ITEM NO. 2:

Information required to be provided in explanatory statement under Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, is annexed hereto:

Name	Mr. Sanjay Sharma		
Age	53 years		
Qualification	Mechanical Engineer from National Institute of Technology Surathkal, Karnataka and a Post Graduate Diploma in Management from Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad (IIM-A)		
Experience	26 years		
Terms and Conditions of Re-Appointment	Not Applicable		
Remuneration (Proposed)	NIL		
Remuneration (Drawn)	NIL		
Date of First Appointment	October 22, 2018		
Shareholding in the Company	NIL		
Relationship with other Directors	None		
Number of Meetings of the Board Attended during the year	Two		
Other Directorships	 Mikado Realtors Private Limited Kolkata-One Excelton Private Limited Promont Hilltop Private Limited Princeton Infrastructure Private Limited Smart Value Homes (Peenya Project) Private Limited Kriday Realty Private Limited Sector 113 Gatevida Developers Private Limited TRIL Roads Private Limited Land kart Builders Private Limited Pune Solapur Expressways Private Limited 		

ITEM NO. 3:

The Board of directors of the company at their meeting held on April 17, 2020, appointed Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari as Manager of the Company for a period of five years effective from April 17, 2020 pursuant to Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder. He shall not be paid any sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board or Committee thereof. The said appointment was made subject to approval of members at general meeting on the following terms:

Date of Appointment: - April 17, 2020

Tenure: - 5 years

Reporting to: - Board of Directors

Remuneration: - No remuneration to be paid

Additional information required to be provided in explanatory statement under Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, is annexed hereto:

Age	39 years
Qualification and	B.E. (Electronics) – NIT Jaipur and Management Graduate from
Experience	Faculty of Management Studies, University of Delhi. He has very
	rich experience and has been associated with the Group for more
	than 10 years.
Terms and Conditions	Not Applicable
of Re-Appointment	
Remuneration	NIL
(Proposed)	
Remuneration (Drawn)	NIL
Date of First	April 17, 2020
Appointment	
Shareholding in the	NIL
Company	
Relationship with	None
other Directors	
Number of Meetings of	One
the Board Attended	
during the year	
Other Directorships	NIL

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No.3 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

None of the directors and/or key managerial personnel their relatives except Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari, are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the above Resolution.

ITEM NO. 4:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Group Senior Management was in the process of shortlisting the right candidates to be appointed as an Independent Directors who have sound domain knowledge in the areas relevant to the Company, including Real Estate Area. Accordingly, the Board of Director of the Company has, approved the appointment of Mr. Kamlesh Parekh (DIN: 00059140), as an Additional Director in the category of Independent Director, subject to the approval of Members w.e.f. May 18, 2020, pursuant to provisions of Section 149 and 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rules framed thereunder.

The Company has received consent and eligibility letter from Mr. Kamlesh Parekh as required under the provisions of Section 149(6) of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder. The Company has also received a declaration confirming that he is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, Mr. Kamlesh Parekh, fulfils the criteria of Independence as specified under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and are independent of the management. Notice under Section 160 of the Act has been received from the Member proposing his appointment as Director of the Company.

The brief profile of Mr. Kamlesh Parekh in terms of Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, is annexed hereto:

Age	65 years	
Qualification	CAIIB from Indian Institute of Banking; and L.L.B & B.SC from University of Mumbai.	
Experience	 Seasoned professional with over 40 years of experience providing senior executive leadership in the legal & compliance functions of the NBFCs of Tata Group Expertise in stressed account recovery, litigation, compliance regulations, and arbitration in the Banking/ NBFC sector Extensive network of CXOs, lawyers, business heads as well as key stakeholders in the judicial framework across India Track record of not having lost a single case in the entire career through unique combination of negotiation skills, leadership capability and demonstrated experience in mitigating legal risks and incorporating compliance frameworks 	
Terms and Conditions	As per the Companies Act, 2013	
of Re-Appointment		
Remuneration	NIL	

(Proposed)		
Remuneration (Drawn)	NIL	
Date of First	May 18, 2020	
Appointment		
Shareholding in the	NIL	
Company		
Relationship with	None	
other Directors		
Number of Meetings of	One	
the Board Attended		
during the year		
Other Directorships	India Emerging Companies Investment Limited	
	2) Inshaallah Investments Limited	
	Niskalp Infrastructure Services Limited	
Chairman/Membership	1. Member of Audit Committee & Nomination and	
in other committees*	remuneration Committee - Inshaallah Investments Limited;	
of the Board	2. Member of Audit Committee & Nomination and	
	remuneration Committee - Niskalp Infrastructure Services	
	Limited	

A copy of the draft Letter of Appointment for Independent Director and such other documents are available for inspection through electronic mode.

The Board recommends the Ordinary resolution in relation to appointment of Mr. Kamlesh Parekh as an Independent Director for period upto 3 (three) consecutive years with effect from May 18, 2020 for the approval by the Members of the Company.

None of the directors and/or key managerial personnel their relatives except Mr. Kamlesh Parekh, are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the above Resolution.

ITEM NO. 5:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Group Senior Management was in the process of shortlisting the right candidates to be appointed as an Independent Directors who have sound domain knowledge in the areas relevant to the Company, including Real Estate Area. Accordingly, the Board of Director of the Company has, approved the appointment of Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar (DIN: 00021947), as an Additional Director in the category of Independent Director, subject to the approval of Members w.e.f. May 18, 2020, pursuant to provisions of Section 149 and 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rules framed thereunder.

The Company has received consent and eligibility letter from Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as required under the provisions of Section 149(6) of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder. The Company has also received a declaration confirming that she is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar, fulfils the criteria of Independence as specified under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and are independent of the management. Notice under Section 160 of the Act has been received from the Member proposing her appointment as Director of the Company.

The brief profile of Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar in terms of Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, is annexed hereto:

Age	62 years	
Qualification	She is a Qualified Chartered Accountant from ICAI & Qualified	
	Company Secretary from ICSI.	
Experience	She has worked with the Tata Group since March 1982. Having	
	held various positions in the Secretarial function with Tata Steel,	
	she was the Company Secretary of Tata Steel from June 1994 till	
	October 2001 when she moved to the Group Legal Department.	
	She retired from Tata Services Ltd from the position of Sr. Vice	
	President - Legal Services in April 2018.	
Terms and Conditions	As per the Companies Act, 2013	
of Re-Appointment		
Remuneration	NIL	
(Proposed)		
Remuneration (Drawn)	NIL	
Date of First	May 18, 2020	
Appointment		
Shareholding in the	NIL	
Company		
Relationship with	None	
other Directors		
Number of Meetings of	One	
the Board Attended		
during the year		
Other Directorships	1) TS Investments Limited	
	Tata International Limited	
	Universal Comfort Products Limited	
	4) Rohini Industrial Electricals Limited	
	5) Panatone Finvest Limited	
	6) Indian Rotorcraft Limited	
	7) Fiora Business Support Services Limited	

	8) Nahar Retail Trading Services Limited		
	9) Tata International West Asia DMCC		
Chairman/Membership	1. Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee - T	ΓS	
in other committees*	Investments Limited;		
of the Board	2. Member of Audit Committee & Nomination ar	nd	
	remuneration Committee - Panatone Finvest Limited		
	3. Member of Audit Committee & Nomination ar	nd	
	remuneration Committee - Indian Rotorcraft Limited		
	4. Member of Audit Committee & Risk Managemen	nt	
	Committee - Tata International Limited		
	5. Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee	-	
	Rohini Industrial Electricals Limited;	Rohini Industrial Electricals Limited;	
	6. Member of Audit Committee - Universal Comfort Produc	ts	
	Limited		

A copy of the draft Letter of Appointment for Independent Director and such other documents are available for inspection through electronic mode.

The Board recommends the Ordinary resolution in relation to appointment of Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as an Independent Director for period upto 3 (three) consecutive years with effect from May 18, 2020 for the approval by the Members of the Company.

None of the directors and/or key managerial personnel their relatives except Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar, are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the above Resolution.

Place: Mumbai

Date: September 26, 2020

Registered Office:

E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai 400033 By the order of the Board

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Jagatpal Singh Company Secretary

(ICSI Membership No.: A49006)



BOARD'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS,

The Directors take pleasure in presenting the 06th Annual Report of TRIL IT4 Private Limited ("the Company") together with the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020.

1. Financial Results

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	Star	ndalone
	FY - 19-20	FY - 18-19
Revenue	8,508.99	7,622.52
Other income	186.40	241.80
Total income	8,695.39	7,864.32
Expenses		
Operating expenditure	2,002.85	1,194.34
Depreciation and amortization expenses	6,580.32	6,841.10
Total Expenses	8583.17	8,035.44
Profit before finance cost and tax	112.22	(171.12)
Finance cost	5,658.78	5,592.32
Profit before tax (PBT)	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
Tax expense	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
Attributable to:		
Shareholders of the company	-	
Non-Controlling Interest	-	

Opening Balance of retained earning	(22,822.36)	(17,058.92)
Profit for the Year	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
Other comprehensive income / (losses)	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-
Dividend (including tax on dividend)	-	-
Buy-back of equity shares	-	-
Expenses for buy-back of equity shares	-	-
Issue of Bonus shares	-	-
Realized loss on equity shares carried at fair value	-	-
through OCI		
Transfer to Special Economic Zone re-investment	-	-
reserve		
Transfer from Special Economic Zone re-investment	-	-
reserve		
Transfer to reserve	-	-
Closing balance of retained earnings	(28,368.92)	(22,822.36)

2. Dividend

Your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the year 2019-20.

3. Transfer to Reserves

Your Directors do not recommend transferring any funds to reserves of the Company.

4. Company's Performance/ State of the Company's affairs

On a standalone basis, the revenue for FY 2019-20 was 85.09 crore, higher by 11.63% percent over the previous year's revenue of 76.23 crore in FY 2018-19.

5. Subsidiary Companies

Your Company does not have any subsidiary/associate/joint venture Company. There has been no material change in the nature of the business of the Company.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) the financial statements of the Company along with relevant documents are also available on the website of the Company i.e. www.trilit4.com.

6. COVID19 Pandemic Situation – Update on Operations

a. Impact of the CoVID-19 pandemic on business:

The lockdowns and restrictions imposed on various activities due to Covid-19 pandemic posed challenges to different aspects of the business.

During the initial phases of lockdown, from March end to early May, activities at site were fully suspended with office premises closes and tenants working from home. However, they continued to use resources on site like servers etc.

As the lockdown was gradually eased, all properties reopened and most tenants have restarted partial operations. All tenants have continue to pay the rent.

Finally, a thorough exercise has been undertaken to go through all relevant contracts, especially with tenants and service providers as applicable. Legal opinion has been taken on force majeure clauses and exposure/impact of the same assessed to be minimal.

b. Ability to maintain operations including the factories/units/office spaces functioning and closed down:

At IT-4, all services were kept functioning even during peak lockdown by obtaining necessary approvals. This ensured that office spaces could be reopened at the first available opportunity. Since reopening, on average 250-300 support staff of ours and tenants continue to operate from site, ensuring uninterrupted maintenance and regular operations.

Construction works related to Monsoon preparations were also successfully restarted in May with approvals & travel passes obtained and medical insurance provisioned for labour.

c. Schedule, if any, for restarting the operations:

As described above, construction and commercial operations have been restarted from May as per guidelines issues by central & local authorities.

d. Steps taken to ensure smooth functioning of operations:

Clear SOPs have been prepared, covering transport, social distancing, hygiene and basic do's & don'ts. Necessary arrangements have been made to provide sanitizers, spare face masks, PPE kits etc. for all personnel. Checklists are being adhered to and regular reports circulated to leadership teams. Contingency measures are in place for any detected cases, in collaboration with healthcare facility providers. Finally, daily planning meetings help in reacting to changing situation and taking rapid decisions as required.

Before reopening sites, thorough sanitization and fumigation was carried out. For tenants, in close coordination with 3rd party estate management firms, innovative new technologies were installed like touch-less sanitizers and access gates. To facilitate work from home for corporate staff, various steps were taken like enabling remote IT access, and streamlining controls & approvals.

e. Estimation of the future impact of CoVID-19 on operations:

The leasing business from existing tenants continues to perform well and the outlook remains strong in its ability to generate cash flows. Some ongoing discussions regarding new leases have got deferred because of the shutdown. However, the underlying-term demand drivers & thus long-term outlook for commercial space uptake remains positive in India overall, and our micro-market specifically. We have confidence in the ability to mitigate any medium-term impact and embark on a sharp V-shaped recovery.

Some of the steps taken to make workplaces and properties suitable, related to hygiene, automation, configuration etc., will gradually become permanent fixtures of the planning for any new project. Finally, many companies have already confirmed moving back to offices when possible, mitigating the impact of the current trend of work-from-home.

f. Impact of CoVID-19 on capital and financial resources, profitability, liquidity position, ability to service debt, assets and internal financial reporting and control:

The Company has adequate liquidity in the form of cash and cash equivalents and undrawn facilities. Given its well capitalised balance sheet and strong business profile, the Company does not envisage any issues in raising additional funds during the year as and when required.

The Company has sound internal control measures for all its processes and there has been no impact on the internal financial reporting and controls of the Company.

g. Impact of CoVID-19 on supply chain:

In the initial stages, restrictions on movement of materials across states hampered operations, even resulting in sporadic price surges in certain materials. However, over time, these issues have subsided and the overall supply chain has improved with vendors able to manufacture and transport material to sites. Other equipment like face-masks also have been secured in sufficient volumes.

h. Existing contracts/agreements where non-fulfilment of the obligations by any party will have significant impact on the listed entity's business:

The Company is well positioned to fulfil its obligations and also does not foresee any significant impact on the business due to non-fulfilment of the obligations by any party.

i. Other relevant material updates about the business:

Generally, the Company publishes its annual audited accounts by second week of May of each year. However, due to the current situation, it is expected that the Board meeting to adopt the accounts is planned to be held in the month of June.

7. Share Capital And other Securities:

A. Share Capital:

During the financial year under review, there has been no change in the authorised, subscribed and paid up share capital of the Company.

As at March 31, 2020, the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity shares capital of the Company stands at Rs.1,00,00,000 divided into 10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each.

B. Debt Management:

During the year under review, the outstanding Listed NCDs stands at Rs. 110 Crore (Rupees One Hundred Ten Crore Only) and unlisted NCDs stands at Rs.400 Crore (Rupees Four Hundred Crore Only).

As on March 31, 2020, the Company has outstanding external debt of Rs. 400 Crore, same as March 31, 2019. The weighted average interest rate for the outstanding external debt as at March 31, 2020 was 8.87% p.a. same as previous year.

Credit Ratings:

Your Company has been offering itself to be rated by rating agencies as per following:

Instrument	Rating Agency	Rating	Amount	Remarks
Non-Convertible Debenture – Unlisted	ICRA	ICRA A+(SO) (stable)	Rs.400 crore	Re-affirmed
Non-Convertible Debenture – Listed	ICRA	ICRA A (stable)	Rs.200 crore	Re-affirmed
Bank Guarantee	ICRA	ICRA A +(stable)	Rs.15 crore	

8. Depository System

Your Company's Equity Shares are in dematerialization (Demat) form done through National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL). The ISIN as allotted by NSDL is INE011S08032. In case of any query, you may please get in touch with the Company or the Registrar & Transfer Agent i.e. KFin Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as Karvy Fintech Private Limited), Address: Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032, Phone: +91 040 6716 2222 and +91 40 6716 1602. As on March 31, 2020, 10,00,000 (100%) of Equity Shares of your Company were held in dematerialized form.

9. Directors' Responsibility Statement

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and compliance systems established and maintained by the Company, the work performed by the internal, statutory, cost and secretarial auditors and external consultants, including the audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting by the statutory auditors and the reviews performed by management, the Board is of the opinion that the Company's internal financial controls were adequate and effective during FY 2019-20.

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and ability, confirm that:

(i) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures;

- (ii) They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- (iii) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (v) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively;
- (vi) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

10. Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

Presently, Board of your Company consists of following Members:

Mr. Sanjay Sharma
 Ms. Reena Wahi
 Mr. Ashish Singh
 Non-Executive Director
 Non-Executive Director

Mr. Sanjay Sharma (DIN: 00332488) and Ms. Reena Wahi (DIN: 08253098) were appointed as Additional Directors with effect from October 22, 2018 and February 18, 2019, respectively. The Board also at its meeting held on April 23, 2019 had recommended to the members appointment of Mr. Sanjay Sharma and Ms. Reena Wahi as Directors liable to retire by rotation, for their approval. Notice under Section 160 of the Act, was received from a shareholder for such proposal. Accordingly, the Members at the Annual General Meeting held on September 09, 2019, appointed Mr. Sanjay Sharma and Ms. Reena Wahi as Directors liable to retire by rotation.

Mr. Sanjay Sharma, Director of the Company retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. A resolution seeking shareholders' approval for his reappointment forms part of the Notice.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Group Senior Management was in the process of shortlisting the right candidates to be appointed as an Independent Directors who have sound domain knowledge in the areas relevant to the Company, including Real Estate Area. Accordingly, appointed Mr. Kamlesh Parekh (DIN: 00059140) and Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar (DIN: 00021947) as an Additional (Independent) Directors of the Company w.e.f. May 18, 2020.

During the year under review, the non-executive directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees, commission and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board.

Owing to other commitments, Mr. Bhausaheb Kadam, ceased to be Manager and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company with effect from November 01, 2019. Mr. Kaustubh Shevade ceased to be Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from November 26, 2019. Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act, Mr. Amit Seth, Chief Financial Officer of the Company was the only Key Managerial Personnel of the Company as on March 31, 2020. However, the Company appointed Mr. Jagatpal Singh as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from April 17, 2020 and Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari as Manager and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company with effect from April 17, 2020. Apart from these changes, there was no other change in Directors and KMPs.

11. Number of Meetings of the Board

There were four meetings of the Board, held during the year under review. The said meetings were held on April 23, 2019, July 31, 2019, October 23, 2019 and on February 13, 2020. The details the presence of Directors are given herein below:

Name of the Director	Category	No. of Meetings Attended during the year
Mr. Sanjay Sharma	Non-Independent,	4
(DIN – 00332488)	Non-Executive	
Ms. Reena Wahi	Non-Independent,	4
(DIN: 0851 08253098)	Non-Executive	
Mr. Ashish Singh	Non-Independent,	3
(DIN -02311126)	Non-Executive	

12. Board Evaluation

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("the Committee" or "NRC") is required, *inter alia*, to specify the manner for effective evaluation of performance of Board, its Committees and Individual Directors to be carried out either by the Board or NRC or by an Independent external agency and review its implementation and compliance. In view of the absence of Independent Directors on the Board/Committee, the formal evaluation of the performance of the Board for FY 2019-20, Committees and Individual Directors, has been conducted in the following manner:

 The Board has authorized Company Secretary to circulate the Board Evaluation Questionnaires and collect the filled in Questionnaires from the Directors and provide feedback to the Board;

- ii. The questionnaires for the evaluation of the Board as whole were circulated amongst the Board Members;
- iii. The Board Members replied with the filled in questionnaires and the feedback was provided to the Board;
- iv. Further, the Board at its meeting held on June 17, 2020, reviewed the performance of the Board as whole.

13. The Constitution of the Committee:

In March, 2015, the Company had issued Rated Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures and listed them with the BSE Ltd. Accordingly, the Company has become a Listed Company within the meaning of Section 2 of the Act. In view of the same and in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 and 178 of the Act, Company has constituted the Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC).

During the year under the review, the Audit Committee and NRC were not constituted aptly pending the appointment of Independent Directors of the Company. Hence, no meetings of Audit Committee and NRC were held during the year.

However, the Board of Directors has re-constituted the Audit Committee and NRC by passing a circular resolution on May 21, 2020. Accordingly, the revised constitution of Committee's is as under:

Audit Committee:

Sr. No. Name of Person		Category
1	Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar	Chairperson
2	Mr. Kamlesh Parekh	Member
3	Mr. Sanjay Sharma	Member

NRC:

Sr. No.	Name of Person	Category
1	Mr. Kamlesh Parekh	Chairman
2	Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar	Member
3	Mr. Sanjay Sharma	Member
4	Mr. Ashish Singh	Member

The Company's policy on directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act has been annexed to this report at "Annexure B" and is also available on www.trilit4.com.

14. Internal Financial Control Systems and their Adequacy

Your Company has a proper and adequate system of internal control to ensure that the financial and other records are reliable, the assets and properties are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly in the financial statements.

The internal control system is supplemented by extensive programme of internal audits. The internal control is designed to ensure that the financial and other records are reliable for preparing financial statements and other data and for maintaining accountability of assets. The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation was observed. In the opinion of the Auditors of the Company, there exist an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the Company.

15. Auditors

Pursuant to section 139(1) of the Act, the shareholders at their 3rd Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on August 07, 2017 have appointed M/s. Deloitte Haskins and Sells, LLP, Chartered Accountants as Statutory Auditors till the conclusion of Eighth AGM of the Company. The Statutory Auditor had conveyed their eligibility and willingness to be continued as Statutory Auditor for F.Y. 2020-21.

16.Auditor's Report

The statutory auditor's report do not contain any qualifications, reservations, or adverse remarks or disclaimer. Further, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any matters under Section 143 (12) of the Act, therefore no details are required to be disclosed under Section 134(3)(ca) of the Act.

17.Secretarial Audit Report

Secretarial Audit Report as issued by Mr. Umesh P Maskeri, Practicing Company Secretary, pursuant to Section 204 of the Act read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014 has been annexed herewith as Annexure C.

Mentioned below the observations from the Secretarial Auditor along with the Management clarifications thereto, as under:

Sr. No.	Subject Matter	Board's Clarification				
1	Delay in filling up the vacancy caused	The Management was in the process				
	in office of Independent Directors	of shortlisting the right candidate for				
		the position. Accordingly, the position				
		were filled by the Board by				
		appointing Mr. Kamlesh Parekh and				
		Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as				
		independent directors with effect				
		from May 18, 2020.				
2	Delay in re-constitution of Audit	The Board re-constituted the				
	Committee aptly due to appointment	Composition of Audit Committee				
	of Independent Directors	immediately on appointment of				
		independent directors.				
3	Delay in re-constitution of	The Board re-constituted the				
	Nomination and Remuneration	Composition of Nomination and				
	Committee aptly due to appointment	Remuneration Committee				
	of Independent Directors	immediately on appointment of				
		independent directors.				

18. Risk Management

The Company is governed by the Risk Management Charter and Policy Documents. An integrated Enterprise Risk Management Charter & Policy has been developed with the objective of establishing a common understanding & methodology for identifying, assessing, responding, monitoring & reporting to provide management, the board of directors with the assurance that key risks are being effectively managed. As per the said Policy, a Risk Management Steering Committee ('RMSC') has been formed by Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited. The charter and policies provide the overall framework for Risk Management process which includes risk identification, assessment, evolution, treatment and other related process. The RMSC is the Apex Committee in the RM Organization structure comprising of key decision makers within the Organization. It is responsible for adopting and implementing the RM Framework across the Organization. They are charged with the responsibility of taking decisions to manage the risks and also report about various initiatives to the Board / Audit Committee and other stakeholders on a regular basis. The Risk Management is also certified under ISO 31000:2009.

19. Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

Your Company falls within the scope of the definition "infrastructure company" as provided by the Act. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the provisions of Section 186 of the Act with regards to Loans, Guarantees and Investments.

20. Related Party Transactions

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year with the related parties, prescribed under the Act read with the applicable Accounting Standards, were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis.

During the year under review, the Company had not entered into any contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties which could be considered material. In absence of any prescribed limit for determination of the materiality of a transaction, a contract / arrangement / transaction in relation to purchase or sell of goods & material or rendering/availing of services, transaction relation to leasing of properties etc., which meet the respective threshold limits as prescribed under Rule 15 (3) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 shall be considered material.

In view of the above, the requirement of giving particulars of contracts / arrangements made with related parties in Form AOC-2 are not applicable for the year under review. Nevertheless, the Company has made disclosures of all related party transactions in Notes to the Audited financial statements for the FY 2019 – 20.

21. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Section 135 (i.e., Corporate Social Responsibility) of the Act, are not applicable to the Company.

22. Extract of Annual Return

As per the requirements of Section 92(3) of the Act and Rules framed thereunder, the extract of the annual return for FY 2019-20 is given in Annexure A in the prescribed Form No. MGT-9, which is a part of this report. The Annual Return shall also be placed on the website of the Company at www.trilit4.com.

23. Particulars of Employees

Disclosure pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed to the Report as Part A of Annexure E.

The statement containing names of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn and the particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial

Personnel) Rules, 2014, is provided in Part B of Annexure E. In terms of proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Report and Accounts are being sent to the shareholders excluding Part B of Annexure E. Any member interested in obtaining a copy of the said statement may write to the Company Secretary. None of the employees listed in the said Annexure is related to any Director of the Company. The said Statement is also open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company

24.Disclosure Requirements

The Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

25.Deposits from Public

During the year under the review, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

26.Particulars of Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo [Pursuant to Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

The particulars relating to the Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo as per Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with the Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given in the "Annexure D" to this report.

27. Details of significant and material orders passed by the regulator or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future

There were no significant and material orders passed by any regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

28.Disclosure under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (Act):

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace. The Company has not received any complaints on alleged harassment, during the year under review.

29. Vigil Mechanism

The Company has formulated a Vigil Mechanism Policy ("the Policy"), under Section 177 of the Act, with a view to provide a mechanism for employees and Directors of the Company to approach the Ethics Counsellor to ensure adequate safeguards against victimization. This policy is also placed on the website of the Company at www.trilit4.com and would help to create an environment where individuals feel free and secure to raise an alarm where they see a problem. It will also ensure that complainant(s) are protected from retribution, whether within or outside the organization. We confirm that during the financial year 2019-2020, no employee of the Company was denied access.

30. Change in the nature of business, if any:

Your Company has not changed the nature of its business during the year under review.

31. Name of the Companies which have become or ceased to be your Company's Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures or Associate Companies during the year:

During the year under review, no company became or ceased to be company's subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.

32. Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report

Except as stated above, there are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relates and the date of this report.

33.Acknowledgement

The Directors thank the Company's employees, customers, vendors, investors and academic partners for their continuous support.

The Directors also thank the Government of India, Governments of various states in India, Governments of various countries and concerned Government departments and agencies for their co-operation.

By order of the Board

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Sanjay Sharma

Director

(DIN: 00332488)

Reena Wahi

Director

(DIN: 08253098)

Date: June 17, 2020

Place: Mumbai

Encl:

Annexure A - Extract of Annual Return (MGT-9)

Annexure B - Remuneration Policy- Directors, KMP and other employees

Annexure C - Secretarial Audit Report (MR-3)

Annexure D – Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo

Annexure E - Details of Remuneration of Directors, Employees and comparatives

Annexure - A

Form No. MGT — 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN as on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

Tejas.karhadkar@incorpadvisory.in

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

1	CIN	:	U74120MH2014PTC251684
2	Registration Date	:	04/01/2014
3	Name of the Company	:	TRIL IT4 Private Limited
4	Category / Sub –Category of the Company	:	Company limited by shares
5	Address of the Registered office and contact details	:	E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai 400033 Tel: 022 – +91 022 6661 4444 Website: www.trilit4.com
6	Whether listed company (Yes/ No)	:	Yes (Debt Listed Entity)
7	Name, Address and contract details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	:	KFin Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as Karvy Fintech Private Limited), Address: Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032, Phone: +91 040 6716 2222 and +91 40 6716 1602 Website: www.kfintech.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sr. No	Name and Description of main product/services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Construction Development	41001	100

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:-

Sr. No	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable section
1.	Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai 400 033	U70102MH2007PLC168300	Holding	74%	2(87)(ii)

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year i.e. 1 st April, 2019				No. of Shares held at the end of the year i.e. 31st March, 2020				% Change during
	Demat	Physi cal	Total	% of total share s	Demat	Physi cal	Total	% of total shar es	the year
A. Promoters & Promoter Group						l			
(1) Indian									
Individual/HUF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Govt.(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bodies Corp.	7,40,000	-	7,40,000	100	7,40,000	-	7,40,000	100	NIL
Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Any Other Private Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A)(1)	7,40,000	-	7,40,000	100	7,40,000	-	7,40,000	100	NIL
(2) Foreign			<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
a) NRIs - Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

h) Othor									
b) Other – Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
THUIVIUUAIS									
Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A)(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	7,40,000	-	7,40,000	100	7,40,000	-	7,40,000	100	NIL
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Central Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt.(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) FIIs/ FPIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others - Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Non- Institutions			I	l	1	L	I	l	
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ii) Overseas	2,60,000	-	2,60,000	100	2,60,000	-	2,60,000	100	NIL
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to ` 1 lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ` 1 lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(2)	2,60,000	-	2,60,000	100	2,60,000	-	2,60,000	100	NIL
Total Public Shareholding (B) = (B)(1)+(B)(2)	2,60,000	-	2,60,000	100	2,60,000	-	2,60,000	100	NIL
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	10,00,000	-	10,00,000	100	10,00,000	-	10,00,000	100	NIL

ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Sr. No	Shareholder' s Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year i.e. 1st April, 2019			Shareholding at the end of the year i.e. 31 st March, 2020			% change in
		No of shares	% of total shares of the compa ny	% of shares pledged/ encumber ed to total shares	No of shares	% of total shares of the compan y	% of shares pledged/encumber ed to total shares	shareholdi ng during the year
1	Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited (TRIL)	7,39,994	100	NIL	7,39,994	100	NIL	NIL
2	TRIL j/w Six Nominees (Equity share)	6		NIL	6		NIL	NIL
	Total	7,40,000	100	NIL	7,40,000	100	NIL	NIL

iii) Change in Promoter's Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change):

Sr. No	Particulars	Shareholding beginning of the April, 2019	at the the year i.e. 1 st	Cumulative Shareholding during the year i.e. 31 st March, 2020		
		No of shares	% of the shares of the company	No of shares	% of the shares of the company	
	At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-	
	Date wise increase/decrease in Promoters shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (eg: allotment/ transfer/ bonus/ sweat equity):	No cl	hange	No ch	ange	
	At the end of the year	-	-	-	-	

iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters, and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

1) ACTIS TREIT Holdings No.2 (Singapore) Private Limited

Sr. No	Particulars	Shareholdin beginning o	_	Cumulative during the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
		No of shares	% of total shares of the company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company		
1	At the beginning of the year	2,60,000	26	2,60,000	26		
2	Date wise increase/decrease in Promoters shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (eg: allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity):	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
3	At the end of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)	2,60,000	26	2,60,000	26		

v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No	For each of the Directors and KMP		of the year i.e.	Cumulative Shareholding during the year i.e. 31 st March, 2020		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company		% of total shares of the company	

At the beginning of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Date wise increase/decrease in Promoters shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (eg: allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity):	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
At the end of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment:

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the year i) Principal Amount ii) Interest due but not paid	4,000,000,000	1,100,000,000	Nil -	5,100,000,000
iii)Interest accrued but not due	20,565,479	834,0953	Nil	28,906,432
Total (i+ii+iii)	40,020,565,479	1,108,340,953	Nil	5,128,906,432
Change in indebtedness during the financial year				
i) Addition Principal Amount	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
ii)Reduction Principal Amount	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
iii)Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Net Change	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	4,000,000,000	1,100,000,000	Nil	5,100,000,000
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii)Interest accrued but not due	20,509,677	8,318,164	Nil	28,827,841
Total (i+ii+iii)	4,020,509,677	1,108,318,164	Nil	5,128,827,841

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

A. Remuneration of Managing Director, Whole-time Director and/or Manager

Sr.	Particular of	Name of MD/WTD/Manager	Total	
No.	Remuneration	Mr. Bhausaheb Kadam (Manager)	Amount	
		(ceased w.e.f. November 01, 2019)	(in Rs.)	
	Gross Salary			
	a) Salary as per provisions			
	contained in section 17(1) of	10,08,874	10,08,874	
	the Income tax Act, 1961	10,00,074	10,00,074	
	b) Value of perquisites u/s			
	17(2) of the Income tax Act,	ALTI		
	1961	NIL	NIL	
	c) Profits in lieu of salary u/s			
	17(3) of the Income tax Act,	NIL	NIL	
	1961			
	Stock Option	0	0	
	Sweat Equity	0	0	
	Commission			
	Commission - as % of profit	-	-	
	- as % or profit - other, specify:			
	performance linked incentive	3,27,250	3,27,250	
	Employer PF	55,730	55,730	
	Total (A)	13,91,854	13,91,854	
		, ,		
	Ceiling as per Act (Schedule	NA	NA	
	(V)			

B. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/WTD/Manager

Sr. No.	Particular of Remuneration	Mr. Amit Seth (Chief Financial Officer)	Mr. Kaustubh Shevade (Company Secretary) Ceased w.e.f. November 26, 2019
	Gross Salary		
1	a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income tax Act, 1961	-	-
1	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income tax Act, 1961	-	-
	c) Profits in lieu of salary u/s 17(3) of the Income tax Act, 1961	-	-
2	Stock Option	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-
4	Commission	-	-
4	- as % of profit	-	-
5	- other specify (performance incentive)	-	-
	Total	-	-

C. Remuneration to other directors: No Directors were paid the remuneration for FY 2019-20.

Sr. No	Particular of Remuneration	Name of	Director		Total Amount
	1. Independent Directors			-	
	i) Fee for attending Board/Committee				
	meetings	0	0		0
	ii) Commission	0	0		0
	iii) Other, specify	0	0		0
	Total (1)	0	0	-	0
	2. Other Non-Executive Directors	0	0	-	0
	i) Fee for attending Board/Committee	0	0		0
	meetings	0	0		0
	ii) Commission				
	iii) Other, specify				
	Total (2)	0	0	-	0
	Total (B) = $(1+2)$	0	0	-	0
	Total Managerial Remuneration	0	0	-	0
	Overall ceiling as per Act	N.A.	N.A.	-	N.A.

VII. PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Details of penalty/punish ment/compound ing fees imposed		Authorit y (RD/NC LT/Cour t)	Appeal made, if any (give details)	
A.		Company			
Penalty	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Punishment	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Compoundin g	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
В.		Directors			
Penalty	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Punishment	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Compoundin g	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C.	(Other Officers in	default		
Penalty	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Punishment	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Compoundin g	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Sanjay Sharma

Director

(DIN: 00332488)

Reena Wahi

Director

(DIN: 08253098)

Date: June 17, 2020 Place: Mumbai

Annexure B

REMUNERATION POLICY FOR DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

The philosophy for remuneration of directors, Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") and all other employees of TRIL IT4 Private Limited ("Company") is based on the commitment of fostering a culture of leadership with trust. The remuneration policy is aligned to this philosophy.

This remuneration policy has been prepared pursuant to the provisions of Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and Clause 49(IV)(B)(1) of the Equity Listing Agreement ("Listing Agreement"). In case of any inconsistency between the provisions of law and this remuneration policy, the provisions of the law shall prevail and the company shall abide by the applicable law. While formulating this policy, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") has considered the factors laid down under Section 178(4) of the Act, which are as under:

- "(a) the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the company successfully;
- (b) relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- (c) remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals"

Key principles governing this remuneration policy are as follows:

Remuneration for independent directors and non-independent nonexecutive directors

- o Independent directors ("ID") and non-independent non-executive directors ("NED") may be paid sitting fees (for attending the meetings of the Board and of committees of which they may be members) and commission within regulatory limits.
- o Within the parameters prescribed by law, the payment of sitting fees and commission will be recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board.
- o Overall remuneration (sitting fees and commission) should be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors aligned to the requirements of the company (taking into consideration the challenges faced by the company and its future growth imperatives).

- o Overall remuneration should be reflective of size of the company, complexity of the sector/ industry/ company's operations and the company's capacity to pay the remuneration.
- o Overall remuneration practices should be consistent with recognized best practices.
- o Quantum of sitting fees may be subject to review on a periodic basis, as required.
- o The aggregate commission payable to all the NEDs and IDs will be recommended by the NRC to the Board based on company performance, profits, return to investors, shareholder value creation and any other significant qualitative parameters as may be decided by the Board.
- o The NRC will recommend to the Board the quantum of commission for each director based upon the outcome of the evaluation process which is driven by various factors including attendance and time spent in the Board and committee meetings, individual contributions at the meetings and contributions made by directors other than in meetings.
- o In addition to the sitting fees and commission, the company may pay to any director such fair and reasonable expenditure, as may have been incurred by the director while performing his/ her role as a director of the company. This could include reasonable expenditure incurred by the director for attending Board/ Board committee meetings, general meetings, court convened meetings, meetings with shareholders/ creditors/ management, site visits, induction and training (organized by the company for directors) and in obtaining professional advice from independent advisors in the furtherance of his/ her duties as a director.
- Remuneration for managing director ("MD")/ executive directors ("ED")/ KMP/ rest of the employees¹
- o The extent of overall remuneration should be sufficient to attract and retain talented and qualified individuals suitable for every role. Hence remuneration should be:
 - Market competitive (market for every role is defined as companies from which the company attracts talent or companies to which the company loses talent)
 - Driven by the role played by the individual,
 - Reflective of size of the company, complexity of the sector/ industry/ company's operations and the company's capacity to pay,

¹Excludes employees covered by any long term settlements or specific term contracts. The remuneration for these employees would be driven by the respective long term settlements or contracts.

- Consistent with recognized best practices and
- Aligned to any regulatory requirements.

o In terms of remuneration mix or composition,

- The remuneration mix for the MD/ EDs is as per the contract approved by the shareholders. In case of any change, the same would require the approval of the shareholders.
- Basic/ fixed salary is provided to all employees to ensure that there is a steady income in line with their skills and experience.
- In addition to the basic/ fixed salary, the company provides employees with certain perquisites, allowances and benefits to enable a certain level of lifestyle and to offer scope for savings and tax optimization, where possible. The company also provides all employees with a social security net (subject to limits) by covering medical expenses and hospitalization through re-imbursements or insurance cover and accidental death and dismemberment through personal accident insurance.
- The company provides retirement benefits as applicable.
- [In addition to the basic/ fixed salary, benefits, perquisites and allowances as provided above, the company provides MD/ EDs such remuneration by way of commission, calculated with reference to the net profits of the company in a particular financial year, as may be determined by the Board, subject to the overall ceilings stipulated in Section 197 of the Act. The specific amount payable to the MD/ EDs would be based on performance as evaluated by the Board or the NRC and approved by the Board.]²
 - ² To be retained if Commission is provided to MD/ EDs
- [In addition to the basic/ fixed salary, benefits, perquisites and allowances as provided above, the company provides MD/ EDs such remuneration by way of an annual incentive remuneration/ performance linked bonus subject to the achievement of certain performance criteria and such other parameters as may be considered appropriate from time to time by the Board. An indicative list of factors that may be considered for determination of the extent of this component are:
 - ✓ Company performance on certain defined qualitative and quantitative parameters as may be decided by the Board from time to time,
 - ✓ Industry benchmarks of remuneration,
 - ✓ Performance of the individual.]³

³ To be retained only if Commission is not provided to MD/ EDs

• The company provides the rest of the employees a performance linked bonus. The performance linked bonus would be driven by the outcome of the performance appraisal process and the performance of the company.

Remuneration payable to Director for services rendered in other capacity

The remuneration payable to the Directors shall be inclusive of any remuneration payable for services rendered by such director in any other capacity unless:

- a) The services rendered are of a professional nature; and
- b) The NRC is of the opinion that the director possesses requisite qualification for the practice of the profession.

Policy implementation

The NRC is responsible for recommending the remuneration policy to the Board. The Board is responsible for approving and overseeing implementation of the remuneration policy.

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Sanjay Sharma

Director

DIN: 00332488

Reena Wahi

Director

DIN: 08253098

Date: June 17, 2020

Place: Mumbai



Umesh P. Maskeri Practicing Company Secretary

No 304, Geetanjali Heights, Plot No.77, Sector 27
Near Presentation Convent School, Nerul East, Navi Mumbai–400 706
Tele 022 -27716919; Mobile: 09930178352; Email: umeshmaskeri@gmail.com

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020
Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the
Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

June 17, 2020

To
The Members,
TRIL IT4 Private Limited
Registered Office, E Block, Voltas Premises
T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli
Mumbai 400 033

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **TRIL IT4 Private Limited** (hereinafter called the Company) incorporated on January 4, 2014 having CIN U74120MH2014PTC251684 and Registered Office at E Block, Voltas Premises, T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli, Mumbai- 400 033. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **TRIL IT4 Private Limited** and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter: I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **TRIL IT4 Private Limited** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020, according to the provisions of:

- i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-





Umesh P. Maskeri Practicing Company Secretary

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; Not applicable during the year
- **(b)** The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992.
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; **Not applicable**
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme)Guidelines, 1999; **Not applicable**
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; **Not applicable**
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998: **Not applicable**
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

I have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for the systems and the mechanism formed by the Company for the compliances under the applicable Acts/laws and regulations to the Company. The list of major head/groups of Acts/laws and regulations applicable to the Company is enclosed and marked as **Annexure I**.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India: Applicable with effect from October 1, 2017
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchanges and the provisions of SEBI LODR

I report that during the period under review:

- a) Company has not earned any profits during the Financial Year 2018-19 and hence the question of creating any Debenture Redemption Reserve as provided in Rule 18(7)(a) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 did not arise.
- b) Similarly, since the Company had no profits during the Financial Year 2018-19, it was not required to create any Debenture Redemption Reserve, and accordingly, the question of investing or depositing 15 % of the amount of debentures maturing during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 before April 30, 2020 did not arise.
- c) Company was required to appoint a Manager pursuant to Section 203 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Mr. Bhausab Kadam resigned as Manager on





01-11-2019. Company was required to fill up the resultant vacancy within 6 months i.e. on or before 30-04-2020. Accordingly, the Company has appointed Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari as Manager on April 17, 2020, however the Company has informed that it will be filing the required forms with the Registrar of Companies as soon as the lockdown is lifted.

d) Company was required to appoint a Company Secretary pursuant to Section 203(1) of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Mr. Kaustubh Shevade resigned as company Secretary on 16-11-2019. Company was required to fill up the resultant vacancy within 6 months i.e. on or before 16-05-2020. Accordingly, the Company has appointed Mr. Jagatpal Singh as Company Secretary as on April 17, 2020, however the Company has informed that it will be filing the required forms with the Registrar of Companies as soon as the lockdown as a result of COVID 19 pandemic is lifted.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above, subject to the following:

- 1. The Company, although a private limited company, has listed its debt securities on BSE Limited and further happens to be a subsidiary of a public limited company, is regarded as a listed & public company, within the meaning of Section 2 (52) and Section 2(71) of Companies Act, 2013, respectively. Company is required to appoint at least two independent directors as provided under Section 149(4) of Companies Act, 2013, Rule 6 of Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. The Company, has not appointed two independent directors on its Board of Directors pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 till March 31, 2020, which has amounted to non-compliance with the requirements mentioned above. However, subsequently, company has appointed Mr. Kamlesh Parekh and Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as independent directors with effect from May 18, 2020. Since Complied with.
- 2. The Audit Committee of the Company shall consist of a minimum of three directors with independent directors forming the majority, as provided under Section 177(2) of Companies Act, 2013. The Audit Committee did not have two independent directors on its Audit Committee until March 31 2020, which has resulted in non-compliance with the requirements mentioned above. However, subsequently, company has appointed Mr. Kamlesh Parekh and Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as independent directors with effect from May 18, 2020 and appointed them as members of Audit Committee. Since Complied with.
- 3. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") of the Company shall consist of a three or more Non Executive directors out of which not less than one half shall be independent directors, as provided under Section 178(1) of Companies Act, 2013. The NRC did not have two independent directors as its members until March 31, 2020, which has resulted in non-compliance with the requirements mentioned above.

However, subsequently, company has appointed Mr. Kamlesh Parekh and Mrs. Sandhya Kudtarkar as independent directors with effect from May 18, 2020 and appointed them as members of NRC. Since Complied with.

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Non-Executive Directors, except Independent Directors except as mentioned in Para (1) above. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act, except as mentioned above.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent as per provisions of applicable law, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the resolutions were passed unanimously-.

I further report that based on review of compliance mechanism established by the Company, we are of the opinion that the Company has adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the period under review, owing to complete lockdown, imposition of curfew and restrictions including guidelines on social distancing stipulated by the Government of India and Government of Maharashtra owing to the outbreak of COVID 19 pandemic, I have not been able to visit the office of the Company during the period from March 20, 2020 to June 15, 2020 so as to verify the original records and documents. Under these circumstances, I have relied on the email communications and scanned copies of some of the records and documents made available to me by the officials of the Company, during the course secretarial audit. Company has however agreed to make available the relevant original records and documents as soon as the lock down is lifted and normalcy of operations is restored.

UMESH Digitally signed by UMESH PARAMES PARAMESHWAR MASKERI Date: 2020.06.17
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Place : Mumbai Date : June 17, 2020

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **ANNEXURE II** and forms an integral part of this report.

ANNNEXURE I OTHER LAWS SPECIFICALLY APPLICABLE TO COMPANY

- 1. Policy on Software Technology Parks of India and its regulations
- 2. The Income-tax Act, 1961
- 3. The Employees Provident Fund Act, 1952
- 4. The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
- 5. The Maharashtra Stamp Act (Bom. Act LX 1958)
- 6. Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
- 7. Indian Registration Act, 1908
- 8. Prevention of Sexual Harassment of women at Workplace Act,
- 9. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- 10. Weekly Holidays Act, 1942
- 11. Maharashtra Shops and Establishment Act, 1948
- 12. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
- 13. Maharashtra State Tax on Professions, Trades, Callings and Employments Act, 1975
- 14. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
- 15. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- 16. The Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1971
- 17. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 and Rules, 1976

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Place: Mumbai

Date: June 17, 2020

ANNEXURE II

To
The Members
TRIL IT-4 Private Limited
Registered Office, E Block, Voltas Premises
T B Kadam Marg, Chinchpokli,
Mumbai 400 033

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

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Place : Mumbai Date : June 17, 2020

Annexure "D"

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The particulars relating to the Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo as per Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are as under:

A. Conservation of Energy

Considering the nature of activities undertaken by the Company, the Company has taken certain feasible initiatives/steps towards sustainability, which include initiatives which has impact on energy conservation.

Steps taken or Impact on Conservation of Energy

Sustainability is an integral part of the Company's business philosophy. The Board of Directors of the Company has urged its stakeholders for undertaking appropriate steps for conservation of energy. The Company has always endeavor to undertake appropriate steps for conservation of energy. In this regard, the Company has taken the following steps in the project:

- a. **Energy metering**: Energy meters for external lighting, municipal water pumping, grey water pumping (for flushing) and water pumping for landscaping;
- b. **Installation of energy efficient equipment**: Minimum 60% efficiency for pumps greater than 3HP and ISI rated pumps for others, minimum 75% efficiency for motors greater than 3HP and ISI rated motors for others, elevators operating with intelligent group controls and water level controllers;
- c. **Electric Charging Facility for Vehicles**: Electric Charging Facility shall be provided for 5 % of total parking;
- d. **Use of maximum daylight**: Use of maximum Day light in Apartments and common areas by providing glazed windows facing South /North Direction;
- e. **Use of natural ventilation**: Use of natural ventilation in Apartments and common areas by providing big size windows facing South /North Direction;
- f. **Energy efficient light fixtures**: Use of Energy efficient fixtures like LED, T5 having low power consumptions;
- g. **Low loss transformers**: Use of Level 2 Transformers which have low / no load and full load losses;
- h. **Energy efficient air conditioning**: Use of 5 star rated AC having low power consumption;
- i. **Lighting Automation**: Use of timers and other energy saving devices for common area lights, in case of day time it will switch off through automation; and
- j. **Home automation**: Home Automation is done to reduce ideal mode power consumptions of lights, fans, AC and other electrical devices.

Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of Energy

- a. Employee awareness: The Company has in its day to day working environment have urged its employees for usage of electronic gadgets which saves energy, encouraging carpooling, make them aware about water conservation, climate change, waste management and energy conservation with a view to encourage water and energy conservation.
- b. Use of Solar Powered Lights in common areas and landscape to reduce power demand of project.
- c. At Corporate Office, Company switch off 50% AC plant during lunch for one hour. The Company has also kept water taps on low force setting to save water and used signage's to minimize use of paper and water in washrooms. Further, Lights are switched off in pockets beyond 6.30 pm as staff leaves. Waste bottled water is being used for cleaning and plants.

Capital investment on energy conservation equipment's;

During the year under review, the Company has not undertaken any capital investment on energy conservation equipment.

B. Technology Absorption

(i) Efforts made towards technology absorption:

The Company endeavors to undertake alternatives for technology absorption. However, during the FY 2019-20, the Company has not undertaken activities relating to technology absorption.

(ii) Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

The Company has not undertaken new technology implementation during the FY 2019-20.

(iii) Imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-

The Company has not imported any technology during the last three years immediately preceding the FY 2019-20.

(iv) Expenditure incurred on Research and Development.

The Company has not incurred any expense on Research and Development during the FY 2019-20

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo

Disclosure of information relating to Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo as required is already given in Notes of the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020.

By order of the Board For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Sanjay Sharma

Director

DIN: 00332488

Date: June 17, 2020 Place: Mumbai Reena Wahi Director

DIN: 08253098

Part A

"Annexure E" DISCLOSURE OF MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION

a- The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Ratio of Director's remuneration to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year
1	Mr. Sanjay Sharma*	NA
2	Ms. Reena Wahi*	NA
3	Mr. Ashish Singh*	NA

^{*} Not Applicable, as no remuneration is being paid to directors.

b- The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Sr. No.	Name of Director and Key Managerial Personnel	Percentage (%) increase in remuneration in the financial year
1	Mr. Sanjay Sharma*	NA
2	Ms. Reena Wahi*	NA
3	Mr. Ashish Singh*	NA
4	Mr. Bhausaheb Kadam, Manager	4%
5	Mr. Amit Seth, Chief Financial Officer*	NA
6	Mr. Kaustubh Shevade, Company Secretary*	NA

^{*}Not Applicable, as no remuneration is being paid in current FY and previous FY.

- c- The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the financial year 2019-20 was INR 13,85,547 & The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 3%
- d- The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company as on March 31, 2020: 2
- e- Average percentile increase in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel was 4%;
- f- Average increase in remuneration of Managers (defined as MD and ED on the board of the Company) was 4%.
 - Reason: Basis on Performance of Individuals.
- g- It is affirmed that the remuneration is as per the 'Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees, approved by the Board.

For the purposes of the above.-

- (i) the expression "median" means the numerical value separating the higher half of a population from the lower half and the median of a finite list of numbers may be found by arranging all the observations from lowest value to highest value and picking the middle one.
- (ii) if there is an even number of observations, the median shall be the average of the two middle values.

By order of the Board

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Sanjay Sharma Director

DIN: 00332488

Date: June 17, 2020 Place: Mumbai Reena Wahi Director

DIN: 08253098

Part B

"Annexure E" DISCLOSURE OF MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION

a- The statement showing the names of the top 10 employees who was in employment throughout the financial year and also was in receipt of remuneration for in the aggregate of not less than Rs.1,02,00,000 (Rupees One Crore Two Lakhs Only):

Sr. No	Name of Employee	Designation	Remuneratio n Received (in Rs.)	nature of employment (contractual / otherwise)	Qualificatio n and experience	Date of Joining employme nt	Age	the last employme nt held before joining the company	% of equity shares held in the company	whether he/she is a relative of any director/MD of the company and if so, name of such director/MD
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

b- The statement showing the names of the top 10 employees who was in employment for any part of this financial year and also was in receipt of remuneration for in the aggregate of not less than Rs.8,50,000 per month (Rupees Eight Lakh and Fifty Thousand Only):

Sr. No	Name of Employee	Designation	Remuneration Received (in Rs.)	nature of employment (contractual/ otherwise)	Qualification and experience	Date of Joining employme nt	Age	the last employme nt held before joining the company	% of equity shares held in the company	whether he/she is a relative of any director/MD of the company and if so, name of such director/MD
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

c- The statement showing the names of the top employees who was in employment for whole financial year or for any part of financial year and also was in receipt of excess remuneration of that drawn by the managing director and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company:

Sr. No	Name of Employee	Designation	Remuneration Received (in Rs.)	nature of employment (contractual/ otherwise)	Qualification and experience	Date of Joining employ ment	Age	the last employme nt held before joining the company	% of equity shares held in the company	whether he/she is a relative of any director/MD of the company and if so, name of such director/MD
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

d- The statement showing the names of the employees posted and working in a country outside India, not being directors or their relatives, drawing more than Rs.60,00,000 (Rupees sixty lakh only) per financial year or Rs.5,00,000 (Rupees five lakh only) per month:

Sr. No	Name of Employee	Designation	Remuneration Received (in Rs.)	nature of employment (contractual/ otherwise)	Qualification and experience	Date of Joining employ ment	Age	the last employme nt held before joining the company	% of equity shares held in the company	whether he/she is a relative of any director/MD of the company and if so, name of such director/MD
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

For TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Sanjay Sharma

Director

(DIN: 00332488)

Reena Wahi

Director

(DIN: 08253098)

Date: June 17, 2020

Place: Mumbai

Chartered Accountants

Indiabulls Finance Centre Tower 3, 27th – 32nd Floor Senapati Bapat Marg Elphinstone Road (West) Mumbai – 400 013 Maharashtra, India

Tel: +91 22 6185 4000 Fax: +91 22 6185 4001

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of TRIL IT4 Private Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **TRIL IT4 Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and its loss total comprehensive loss, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 3 to the Ind AS financial Statements in respect of the Scheme of Amalgamation ("the Scheme") between Peepul Tree Properties Private Limited (subsidiary of the Company) and the Company, sanctioned by the Honourable High Court of Bombay vide its order dated January 09, 2016. The Company had given effect to the Scheme from the appointed date specified in the Scheme i.e 19 March 2015 (acquisition date). The Company has followed the accounting treatment for amalgamation as specified in the scheme, i.e. the erstwhile Accounting Standard 14 – Accounting for Amalgamation. Pursuant to the Scheme

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Regd. Office: Indiabulls Finance Centre, Tower 3, 27th-32nd Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai – 400013, Maharashtra, India. (LLP Identification No. AAB-8737)

as approved by the Court, the Company recorded Goodwill on amalgamation aggregating Rs.31,641.77 lacs and the said Goodwill is amortised over the period of five years (FY 2019-20 being the fifth year). This accounting treatment is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 – "Business Combinations".

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Fair valuation of investment property	Principal audit procedures performed:
	Risk identified In the financial statements, the Company recognises Investment Property at book value – as at 31 March 2020 Rs. 20,238.17 Lakhs (31 March 2019 Rs. 20,510.83 Lakhs). The fair value of this Investment property at Rs. 95,632.00 Lakhs as at 31 March 2020 (Previous year Rs. 79,277.00 lakhs) has been disclosed, as part of note 2(b) which deals with going concern in para 'e' thereof. Ind AS 40 - Investment Property also requires the disclosure of fair value of investment property. The Company's investment property is an IT Park in a suburb of Mumbai. The determination of the fair value of investment property requires significant judgement, due to a large number of assumptions / estimates such as market rent levels, operating expenses, vacancy factor, impact due to COVID 19 as well as prevailing market yields and market transactions. The valuation of investment property is considered to be a key audit matter due to the significance of the item in the financial statements as a whole, combined with the competence of management expert and the level of judgement exercised for determining the fair values.	 Assessed the management's maker / checker controls over preparation of the discounted cash flow model for the valuation of investment property and controls over management's analysis of the variances in values in comparison with prior year. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent valuer, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued based on information and explanations provided by the management. We assessed their competence, independence and integrity. The audit team, included Fair Value Specialists for reviewing the assumptions of WACC, capitalisation rate and market rent levels, attended meetings with the management team and the valuation experts appointed by the Company's management to

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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors report but does not include financial statements and our auditor's report thereon which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report.
- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon
- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive loss, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably

knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended,

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company being a private company, Section 197 of the Act related to the managerial remuneration is not applicable.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
 - ii. The the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a Statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

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Rajesh K. Hiranandani Partner

Membership No. 36920

UDIN: 20036920AAAABD7605

Date:17 June 2020

Place: Mumbai



ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of TRIL IT4 Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**

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Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No.117366W/W-100018)

Rajesh K. Hiranandani Partner

Membership No. 36920

Place: Mumbai UDIN: 20036920AAAABD7605 Date: 17 June 2020

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ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' Section of our report of even date)

- (i)(a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
 - (b) All property, plant and equipment and investment property were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the property, plant and equipment and investment property at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising of the immovable properties of buildings, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date except for the land appurtenant to the building which is not yet conveyed in the name of the Company for the reason stated in footnote to Note 5 to the Ind AS Financial Statements.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause (ii) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- (iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence reporting under clause (iii) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- (iv) The Company has not granted any loans, made investments or provided guarantees and hence reporting under clause (iv) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit during the year as provided under Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013. There are no unclaimed deposits any time during the year.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 therefore reporting is not applicable.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Income-tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-tax, Goods & Services Tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (c) There are no dues of Income-tax, Goods & Services Tax as on 31 March, 2020 on account of disputes.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from banks, financial institutions and Government. The Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to debenture holders
- (ix) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause (ix) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company being a private company, the reporting under clause (xi) of the CARO 2016 Order for payment of managerial remuneration under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of its holding, subsidiary or associate company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

ITHIS REGISTRATION NO. 117506W/W-100016)

Rajesh K. Hiranandani

Partner

Membership No. 36920 UDIN: 20036920AAAABD7605

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Place: Mumbai

Date: 17 June 2020

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)			
	Note	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			0.04
(a) Property, plant and equipment	4	0.31	0.81
(b) Investment property	5	20,238.17	20,510.83
(c) Intangible assets	6	0.26	6,103.28
(d) Capital work-in-progress		1,428.16	*
(e) Financial assets	-	4.575.70	104 10
(i) Other financial assets	7 8	1,575.78 2,749.77	131.42 2.310.64
(f) Non-current tax assets (Net)	8 9	·	
(g) Other non-current assets	· -	86.39	175.31
Total non-current assets		26,078.84	29,232.29
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	10	1,584.76	2,415.60
(ii) Trade and other receivables	11	215.78	433.96
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	230.20	66.26
(iv) Other Bank balances	13	-	150.00
(v) Other financial assets	14	180.05	112.44
(b) Other current assets	15	163.62	45.28
Total current assets		2,374.41	3,223.54
Total assets		28,453.25	32,455.83
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	16	100.00	109.90
(b) Other equity	17	(28,368.59)	(22,822.36)
Total equity		(28,268.59)	(22,722.36)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Long-term borrowings	18	11,000.00	50,961,51
(ii) Other financial liabilities	19	1,818,40	1,111.53
(b) Long-term Provisions	20	2.58	7.27
(c) Current tax liabilities (Net)	21	29.10	29.10
(d) Other non current liabilities	22	745.95	_ 60.94
Total non-current liabilities		13,596.03	52,170.35
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade and other payables from MSME	23		-
(ii) Trade and other payables other than MSME	23	356.51	259.42
(iii) Other financial liabilities	24	42,436.62	2,502.41
(b) Short-term Provisions	25	0.77	1.48
(c) Other current liabilities	26	331.91	244,53
Total current liabilities		43,125.81	3,007.84
Total equity and liabilities		28,453.25	32,455.83
Significant accounting policies	2		
Notes to the Ind AS financial statements	2 to 47		

The accompanying notes 1-47 forms an integral part of these Ind AS financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 117366W/W-100018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TRIL IT4 Private Limited

(formerly known as Albrecht Builder Private Limited) CIN No. U74120MH2014PTC251684

Rajesh K. Hiranandani Partner

Membership No: 36920

Sanjay Sharma Director

DIN No: 00832488

Amit Sheth Chief Financial Officer Membership No: 119161

Reena Wahi Director DIN No: 08253098

Jagatpal Singh Company Secretary Membership No: 49006

17 June 2020

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Abhijeet Maheshwari Manager

Mumbai

17 June 2020

Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Revenue from operations	27	8,508.99	7,622.52
Other income	28	186.40	241.80
Total income	_	8,695.39	7,864.32
Expenses		44.04	70.00
Employee benefit expense	29	51.95	70.92
Finance costs	30	5,658.78	5,592.32
Depreciation and amortisation expense-[includes amortisation of Goodwill Rs:6,102.95 lakhs (Previous year Rs.6,328.36 lakhs)]	31	6,580.32	6,841.10
Other expenses	32	1,950.90	1,123.42
Total expenses	_	14,241.95	13,627.76
(Loss) before tax	_	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
Tax expenses: Current lax			
Deferred lax			
(Loss) for the year	_	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
Other Comprehensive Income			-
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability		0.33	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	_	(5,546.23)	(5,763.44)
Earnings per equity share (Face Value per share INR 10 each)	37		
(1) Basic (2) Diluted		(554.66) (554.66)	(576.34) (576.34)
Significant accounting policies Notes to the Ind AS financial statements	2 2 to 47		

The accompanying notes 1-47 forms an integral part of these Ind AS financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 117366W/W-100018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TRIL IT4 Private Limited

(formerly known as Albrecht Builder Private Limited)
CIN No. U74120MH2014PTC251684

Reena Wahi

Director DIN No: 08253098

Jagatpal Singh Company Secretary

Membership No: 49006

Rajesh K, Hiranandani

Partner

Membership No: 36920

Sanjay Sharma Director DIN No: 00332488

DIN No: 00332488

Amit Sheth Chief Financial Officer

Chief Financial Officer
Membership No: 119161

Abhijeet Maheshwari Manager

Mumbai 17 June 2020

Mumbai 17 June 2020

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Cash flow from operating activities		
Loss before tax	(5,546.56)	(5 763.44)
Adjustments to reconcile (loss) before tax to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	6,580.32	6,841.10
Profit on sale of mutual funds	(123.26)	(10.00)
MTM gain on Mutual funds	(35.90)	(156.57)
Interest on fixed deposits	(6.38)	(9.77)
Loss on Sale of Investment property	15.13	-
Interest income - others	(18.92)	(44.95)
Finance costs (including fair value change in financial instruments)	5,658.78	5 592.32
Uneamed rent on security deposit from tenant	(237.17)	(166.18)
Income recognised as per Ind AS 116	(1,507.51)	(79 93)
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability	4.778.86	6,202.58
Working capital adjustments	4,/10.00	0,202.30
Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other receivables	218.18	(75.16)
(Increase) in other assets and other financial assets	(198.90)	(7.42)
Increase in trade payables	97.09	102.37
Increase in other liabilities and other financial liabilities	1,163.43	166.62
	6,058.66	6,388.99
Income-Tax paid	(439.13)	(507.28)
Net cash flows from operating activities	5,619.53	5,881,71
Cash flow from investing activities		
Payment for additions to Investment property	(1,261.43)	(402.82)
Proceeds on sale of assets from investment property	44.39	(450.00)
Investment in fixed deposit having maturity of more than 3 months	150.00	(150.00)
Investment in Mutual funds Proceeds from redemption from Mutual funds	(3,150.00) 4.140.00	(400.00) 380.00
Interest received	25.35	54.72
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(51.69)	(518.10)
, , , -	(33.00)	[5:0:0]
Cash flow from financing activities	(5.403.00)	(5,395,11)
Finance charges paid Net cash used in financing activities	(5,403.90)	(5,395,11)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	163.94	(31 50)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	66.26	97.76
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	230.20	66.26
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet		
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet	230.20	66.26
Cash and Cash equivalents as restated as at the year end	230.20	66.26
Notes: 1) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the of Cash Flows.". 2) Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year comprise of:	ne Accounting Standard (IND /	AS) 7 - "Statement 31-Mar-19
Balance with banks	0	
- in current accounts	30.20	66.26

The accompanying notes 1-47 forms an integral part of these and AS financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 117366W/W-100018

(formerly known as Albrech' Builder Private Limited) CIN No. U74120MH2014PTC251684

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

30.20

200.00 230,20

- in current accounts

Deposit accounts with less than or equal to 3 months maturity

Rajesh K. Hiranandani

Partner Membership No: 36920

Sanjay Sharma Director DIN No: 00332488

ial Officer

Abhijeet Maheshwari Manager Mumbai

17 June 2020

Director DIN No: 08253098

TRIL IT4 Private Limited

Jagatoal Singh Company Secretary Membership No: 49006

Reena Wahi

66.26

17 June 2020

Statement of Changes in Equity (SOCIE) for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

Equity share capital

Particulars	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Balance as at the beginning of the year	100.00	100.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	100.00	100.00

Other equity

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Other comprehensive income	Tota
Balance at 1 April 2018	(17,058.92)		(17,958.92)
(Loss) for the year	(5 763.44)	-	(5,763.44)
Remeasurements of defined benefit	-		
Balance at 31 March 2019	(22,822.36)	-	(22,822.36)

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at 1 April 2019	(22,822.36)	-	(22,822.36)
(Loss) for the year	(5,546.56)	-	(5,546.56)
Remeasurements of defined benefit	-	0.33	0.33
Balance at 31 March 2020	(28,368.92)	0.33	(28,368.59)

The accompanying notes 1-47 forms an integral part of these Ind AS financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TRIL IT4 Private Limited

(formerly known as Albrecht Builder Private Limited) CIN No. U74120MH2014PTC251684

Rajesh K. Hiranandani Partner Membership No: 36920

DIN No: 00332488

Sanjay Sharma

Director

Amit Sheth Chief Financial Officer Membership No: 119161

Jagatpal Singh Company Secretary Membership No: 49006

Reena Wahi

DIN No: 08253098

Director

Abhijeet Maheshwari Manager

> Mumbai 17 June 2020

Mumbai 17 June 2020

Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

1 Background of the Company

TRIL IT4 Private limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 4 March 2014 under the name of Albrecht Builder Private Limited and on 26 September 2016 the name was changed. The Company is engaged in the business of development of real estate and infrastructure facilities. The Company owns a commercial building at Malad. The Company is a joint venture between Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited ('the holding company') and Actis Treit Holdings No.2 (Singapore) Private Limited. The Company has raised debt during the year ended 31 March 2015 through privately placed debentures and these debentures have been listed in the Bombay Stock Exchange.

The Company is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Mumbai, Maharashtra, India.

2 Basis of preparation & Significant Accounting policies

A. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These Ind AS financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and other relevant provisions of the Act. The financial statements up to and for the year ended 31 March 2016 were prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 notified under Section 133 of the Act and other relevant provisions of the Act.

These Ind AS financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 17 June 2020. Details of the company's accounting policies are included in Note 2B.

(b) Going concern

- (a) As at 31 March 2020, the Company's Total Equity has been fully eroded and the networth is negative Rs. 28,268.59 lakhs. The major component of accumulated losses of Rs. 28,368.59 lakhs pertains to non-cash items i.e. amortisation of Goodwill amounting to Rs. 31.641.77 lakhs. Hence after removing the non-cash items the retained earnings is positive Rs. 3.273.18 lakhs.
- (b) The Company has also incurred losses during the current and previous years, primarily on account of amortisation of the aforesaid Goodwill. The Company has positive EBTIDA for current as well as previous year. During the current year and previous year the Company has also made operating cash profits of Rs. 5,619.52 lakhs and Rs. 5,881.71 lakhs respectively.
- (c) The Company's current liabilities exceed its current assets by Rs. 41,751.40 lakhs which is primarily on account of current maturity of long term borrowings. The Company has refinanced the said borrowings on 22 April 2020 aggregating Rs.40,000 lakhs from a Bank at the rate of 8.45% for a term of 2 years.
- (d) The Company's commercial real estate property at Malad, Mumbai had leasing of 80% as at the beginning of the year which increased to 100% by June 2019.
- (e) the fair value of investment property conducted by independent valuer is Rs 95,632.00 lakhs (Previous year Rs.79,277.00 lakhs) as against the carrying value of investment property as on 31 March 2020 is Rs.20,238.16 Lakhs (Previous year: Rs.20,510.83 lakhs).
- Accordingly, based on the above factors the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and no adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or to amounts and classification of recorded liabilities are considered to be necessary.

(c) Basis of measurement

These Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

(d) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All the financial information have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest lakhs, except for share data and as otherwise stated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not add up precisely to the totals and percentage may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

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Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(e) Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these Ind AS financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, laibilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets (including investment property) and intangible assets and the assessment as
to which components of the cost may be capitalised.

Useful lives of tangible assets and intangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II, they are based on management estimate, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support. Assumptions also need to be made, when the Company assesses, whether an asset may be capitalised and which components of the cost of the asset may be capitalised.

• Impairment test of non financials assets; key assumptions underlying recoverable amounts including the recoverability of expenditure on internally -generated intangible assets.

· Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The finance team has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer.

They regularly review significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information is used to measure fair values then the finance team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- · Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- · Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

B. Significant accounting policies

(a) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

A financial asset is (i) a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset; to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities under potentially favourable conditions; (ii) or a contract that will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments and a non-derivative for which the entity is or may be obliged to receive a variable number of the entity's own equity instruments; or a derivative that will or may be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments.



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

Recognition, measurement and classification

A financial asset is recognised in the balance sheet only when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. All financial assets except trade receivables are measured initially at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset. Trade receivables at the time of initial recognition is measured at their transaction price if it does not contain a significant financing component.

The Company classifies its financial assets into a) financial assets measured at amortised cost, and b) financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

a. financial assets measured at amortised costs

A financial asset is classified at amortised costs if it is held within a business model whose objective is to a) hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method (EIR). Amortised cost is arrive at after taking into consideration any discount or fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortisation of such interests forms part of finance income in the statement of profit and loss. Any impairment loss arising from these assets are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

b. financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

This is a residual category for classification. Any asset which do not meet the criteria for classification as at amortised cost or as FCTOVI, is classified as FVTPL. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments are included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition and offsetting

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities

A financial liability is (i) a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or to exchange financial instruments under potentially unfavourable conditions; (ii) or a contract that will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments and is a non-derivative for which the entity is or may be obliged to deliver a variable number of its own equity instruments; or a derivative that will or may be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments.

Recognition, measurement and classification

A financial liability is recognised in the balance sheet only when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. The Company initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified as either held at a) fair value through profit or loss, or b) at amortised cost. Management determines the classification of its financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition or, where applicable, at the time of reclassification.

The Company has the following non-derivative financial liabilities: loans and borrowings and trade and other payables. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

De-recognition and offsetting

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.
- b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- c) Lease receivables under Ind AS 17
- d) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 18

The Company follows 'simplified approach' permitted by Ind AS 109, Financial instruments, for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables and all lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 17 which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

At the time of recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since its initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the financial instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL impairment loss allowance/ reversal is recognised during the period as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. In case of financial assets measured as at amortised cost, ECL is presented as an allowance. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount but is disclosed as net carrying amount.

(b) Revenue recognition

Investment property rental income

Revenues from property leased out under operating lease is recognised as income on a straight line basis over the lease term unless the receipts from the lessee are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the Company's expected inflationary cost increases, except where there is uncertainty of ultimate collection. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease income, over the lease term.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Maintenance service charges are recognized in accordance with terms or contracts entered with customers for providing maintenance of the property.



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed/ constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis and at the rates prescribed by Schedule II the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on addition / deletion of property, plant and equipment made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / up to the date of each addition / deletion.

The estimated useful lives (in years) for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset	Management estimate of useful
Buildings	60 years
Plant and equipment	15 years
Electrical fittings	10 years
Office equipment's	10 years
Computers	3 years
Furniture's and fixtures	10 years
Motor vehicles	8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

Individual assets costing less than INR 5,000 are depreciated fully in the year of purchase.

(d) Goodwill and Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill that arises on an amalgamation or on the acquisition of a business is presented as an intangible asset.

Goodwill arising from amalgamation is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss. Such goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life or five years whichever is shorter. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually.

Other intangible assets

Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated over the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(e) Investment property

Investment property represents land and buildings, that are occupied substantially for use by third parties and are held by the Company to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

An investment property is recognised initially at cost of acquisition including any transaction cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of investment property less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives in the statement of profit and loss. Depreciation methods, residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Property that is being constructed for future use as investment property is accounted for as investment property under construction until construction or development is complete. Direct expenses like site labour cost, material used in project construction, project management consultancy, costs for moving the plant and machinery to the site and general expenses incurred specifically for the respective project like salary costs, insurance, design and technical assistance, borrowing costs and construction overheads are taken as the cost of the project.

An item of investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Profits and losses on disposals of items of investment property are determined by comparing the proceeds from their disposals with their respective carrying amounts, and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(f) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, investment property, and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit, or CGU").

The Company's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows. If there is an indication that a corporate asset may be impaired, then the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the corporate asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and such losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of assets in the unit on a pro rata basis.

(h) Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(i) Income-tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Minimum Alternate Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of Income-tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. MAT paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is a convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the balance sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interest in joint arrangements where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interest in joint arrangements where it is not probable that the differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will not be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

(j) Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

(k) Finance income and finance costs

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested and is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings, unwinding of the discount on provisions, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses recognised on financial assets that are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Borrowing

costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

(I) Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise of cash on hand and at banks including short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

3 Scheme of Amalgamation of Peepul Tree Properties Limited with the Company

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on 24 March 2015, had approved the Amalgamation proposal in the nature of purchase and approved the "Scheme of Amalgamation" to amalgamate Peepul Tree Properties Limited ('the Transferor company') under Section 391 read with Section 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, with effect from 19 March 2015, ('the Appointed Date') subject to obtaining necessary approvals of the Shareholders, Creditors, Honourable Bombay High Court and other statutory and regulatory authorities.

The Honourable High Court of Bombay vide its order dated 8 January 2016, sanctioned the scheme of Amalgamation ('the Scheme') between Peepul Tree Properties Private Limited (Subsidiary of the Company) with the Company, the scheme specified appointed date of 19 March 2015 which is the acquisition date of the Peepul Tree Properties Private Limited by the Company. Accordingly, the amalgamation is accounted under the 'Purchase method' as per Accounting Standard 14 - Accounting for Amalgamations, as referred to in the Scheme of amalgamation approved by the High Court

In accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Court Order and the Scheme:

- i. There was no issue of shares by the Company to the shareholders of Peepul Tree Properties Private Limited, as the Transferor Company was a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The assets and liabilities of Peepul Tree Properties Private Limited have been transferred at book values with effect from the appointed date of March 19, 2015. The deficit arising due to value of assets over value of liabilities of Peepul Tree Properties Private Limited acquired by the Company, aggregating to Rs.31,641.78 lakhs is recognised as Goodwill in accordance with the Scheme and Goodwill arising on amalgamation is amortised over its expected benefit period. This accounting treatment although is in compliance with the Court Order and the Scheme but is different from that prescribed under Ind AS 103 Business Combinations.
- ii. The Transferee Company has accounted for the amalgamation of the Transferor Company pursuant to the Scheme on the basis of the Accounting Standards for Amalgamation notified by the Central Government under Section 133 of Companies Act 2013 (corresponding to Section 211 (3C) of the Companies Act, 1956). The amalgamation was accounted as per Accounting Standard 14 - Accounting for Amalgamations, as referred to in the Scheme of amalgamation approved by the High Court and supported by the Legal Opinion obtained by the Company.
- Book value of assets and liabilities related to the Transferor company acquired with effect from the Appointed date i.e. 19 March 2015, are as under;

INR in Lakhs

Particulars	Amount (INR)
Assets	
Tangible fixed assets	22,310.12
Intangible assets	
Investment property	-
Long-term loans and advances	106.56
Other non-current assets	38.01
Trade receivables	151.15
Cash and bank balances	4,957.77
Other current assets	96.03
	27,659.64
Liabilities	
Long-term borrowings	2,546.89
Other long-term liabilities	786.72
Trade payables	217.30
Other current liabilities	5,027.12
	8,578.03
Net assets taken over	19,081.61
Investments made by the Company in equity and preference shares of Peepul Tree Properties Limited	50,723.38
Goodwill acquired pursuant to scheme of amalgamation	31,641.77





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Computers	Motor vehicles	Other Office Equipments	Total
9.55	2.56	0.14	12.25
		0.16	0.16
9.55	2.56	0.30	12.41
	0.5	-	=
	2	- 4	4.
9.55	2.56	0.30	12.41
7.41	1.61	0.14	9.16
1.74	0.54	0.16	2.44
9.15	2.15	0.30	11.60
0.40	0.10		0.50
		*	
9.55	2.25	0.30	12.10
0.40	0.41		0.81
0.00	0.31	*	0.31
	9.55 9.55 9.55 7.41 1.74 9.15 0.40 9.55	9.55 2.56 9.55 2.56 9.55 2.56 7.41 1.61 1.74 0.54 9.15 2.15 0.40 0.10 9.55 2.25	9.55 2.56 0.14 - 0.16 - 0.16 - 0.55 2.56 0.30





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

5 Investment property

Cost	Building (Refer Footnote)	Electrical fittings	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Total
At 1 April 2018	24,261.21	913.50	348.50	33.43	25,556,64
Additions	287.75	7.63	3.07	10.78	309.23
Disposals		-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2019	24,548.96	921.13	351.57	44.21	25,865.87
Additions	74.21	10.24	179.21	-	263.66
Disposals	•	73.00	49.53	0.39	122.92
At 31 March 2020	24,623.17	858.37	481.25	43.82	26,006.61
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2018	3,848.49	702.70	268.06	25.56	4,844.81
Charge for the year	417.89	63.50	24.40	4.44	510.23
Disposals		-		-	-
At 31 March 2019	4,266.38	766.20	292.46	30.00	5,355.04
Charge for the year	441.58	15.88	16.09	3.25	476.80
Disposals	*	17.03	46.15	0.22	63.40
At 31 March 2020	4,707.96	765.05	262.40	33.03	5,768.44
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2019	20,282.58	154.93	59.11	14.21	20,510.83
At 31 March 2020	19,915.21	93.32	218.85	10.79	20,238.17

The Building appurtenant to the portion of land was sold, conveyed and transferred by Ferani Developers ("Developer") and Nusli Wadia

("Owner") to the Company vide agreement dated 9th May 2006.
Under the said agreement, the Developer and the Owner agreed to convey the land on formation of an Organisation / Apex Body upon completion of the entire development including infrastructure development on the larger land as it may deem fit. The development as of date has not been complete and the land is not conveyed to the Company.

Notes:

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss for Investment property

31 March 2020	31 March 2019
7,751.17	6,930.12
44.88	26.97
	-
7,706.29	6.903.15
476.80	510.23
7,229.49	6,392.92
	7,751.17 44.88 7,706.29 476.80



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

5 Investment property

ii) Reconciliation of fair value

Fair value	
At 1 April 2018	76,850.00
Additions	309.23
Fair value difference	2,117.77
At 31 March 2019	79,277.00
Additions	263.66
Fair value difference	16,091.34
At 31 March 2020	95,632.00

iii) Leasing arrangements

The Company has leased properties under non-cancellable operating leases in the capacity of a lessor. Refer Note 35 for future minimum lease payments in respect of these properties till the expiry of lock in period.

iv) Measurement of fair values

Fair value hierarchy:

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent merchant bankers, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued.

The fair value measurement for all of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. (See note 2 (e))

Valuation technique:

The Company follows discounted cash flows technique which considers the present value of net cash flows to be generated from the property taking into account the expected rental growth rate, vacant period, occupancy rate, lease incentive costs such as rent free periods and other costs not paid by tenants. The expected net cash flows are discounted using risk-adjusted discount rates. Among other factors, the discount rate estimation considers the quality of a building and its location, tenant credit quality and lease terms.

Investment property one comprises commercial property that is leased to third parties. Each of the leases entered are normally for a period of 5 to 10 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee or as per the terms of initial agreement are automatically renewed. No contingent rents are charged.

Valuation assumptions and sensitivity analysis table:

The Capitalisation method is used for real estate appraisals. Under this method, the value of the established commercial asset is based on the expected Net Operating Income (NOI) from steady lease rental income.

Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between key unobservable inputs and fair value measurement	
used in valuation		
Estimated lease rent	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if expected lease rent were higher (lower)	
(INR per sq. ft. per month)		
Rent growth p.a. (%)	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if expected lease escalation were higher (lower)	
Occupancy (%)	Estimated fair value would decrease if occupancy is lower	
Capitalisation rate (%)	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if expected lease escalation were lower (higher)	
Discount rate (%)	Estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if discount rate were lower (higher)	

v) The investment property has been mortgaged to secure the borrowing of the company. Refer Note 18 ii (Borrowing Note)





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

Intangible assets

Cost	Software	Goodwill	Total
		(refer note 3)	
At 1 April 2018	0.57	31,641.77	31,642.34
Additions	-	-	
Disposals	-		
At 31 March 2019	0.57	31,641.77	31,642.34
Additions			
Disposals		-	•
At 31 March 2020	0.57	31,641.77	31,642.34
Amortisation			
At 1 April 2018	0.17	19,210.46	19,210.63
Charge for the year	0.07	6,328.36	6,328.43
Disposals	-		-
At 31 March 2019	0.24	25,538.82	25,539.06
Charge for the year	0.07	6,102.95	6,103.02
Disposals	*	-	Sale was assessed
At 31 March 2020	0.31	31,641.77	31,642.08
Carrying amounts			
At 31 March 2019	0.40	6,102.95	6,103.28
At 31 March 2020	0.26		0.26





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	Other financial assets Unsecured, considered good)		
•	Security deposits	53.05	52.05
	ease equalisation reserve	1,520.24	76.88
S	ervice Tax deposited under protest	2.49 1,575.78	2.49
8 N	Ion current tax assets (Net)	1,3/3./6	131,42
	dvance tax and tax deducted at source	8,108.67	7,669.54
L	ess : Provision for Tax	(5,358.90)	(5,358.90)
9 0	other non-current assets	2,749.77	2,310.64
	Unsecured and Considered Good) Prepaid expenses	86.39	10.34
	Capital advances		164.97
		86.39	175.31
	nvestments	1,584.76	2,415.60
11	evestments in Units of Mutual Funds (Refer Foot Note)	1,584.76	2,415.60
F	oot Note :		
	ivestments in Unit of Mutual Funds - Unquoted (At Fair valued through rofit and Loss)		
K	CICI Prudential Mutual Fund (Liquid Fund- DP Growth)		
	Jnits Held	48,597.36	2,86,043.26
	NAV per unit (Rs) Fotal Value (A) (Rs. in lakhs)	293.78 142.77	276.41 790.67
T	ATA Mutual Fund (Direct Plan - Growth)		
	Jnits Held NAV per unit (Rs)	46,041 3,131,98	55,186.40 2,944.44
	Fotal Value (B) (Rs. in lakhs)	1,441.99	1,624.93
	ggregate carrying value of Unquoted Investment (A+B)	1,584.76	2,415.60
1 T	rade and other receivables		
	Secured, considered good)		
	Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due or payment	199.36	
	outstanding for a period less six months from the date they are due for ayment	207.67	433.96
1	ess : Allowance for doubtful debts	(191.25)	
(Other receivables	22.33	-
t	.ess : Allowance for doubtful debts	(22.33)	-
		215.78	433.96
	ash and cash equivalents		
	alance with banks - in current accounts	30.20	66.26
	ixed deposit with bank (Less than 3 months maturity)	200.00	-
		230.20	66.26
13 (Other Bank balances		
			10/22
1	Deposit Accounts with more than 3 months but upto 12 months		150.00 150.00
	ther financial assets Insecured, considered good)		
In	terest accrued on fixed deposits	0.03	80.0
	ease equalisation reserve	151.02	86.87
U	nbilled revenue	29.00	25.49
	ther current assets	180.05	112.44
a	Insecured and considered good)		
	repaid Expenses- current	95.19	32.19
	alances with Government and other authorities	43.44	13.09
U	ther advances	24.99	13.09
	-	163.62	45.28





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
17	Other equity		
()	Retained earnings	(28,368.92)	(22,822.36)
ii)	Other comprehensive income	0.33	
		(28,368.59)	(22,822.36)
i)	Retained Earnings		
	Opening balance	(22,822,36)	(17,058.92)
	(Loss) for the year	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
	Closing balance	(28,368.92)	(22,822.36)
	Notes: a) The Company has not created debentures redemption reserve as per Section during the year.	71 of the Companies Act,	2013 due to loss
	 b) The closing balance of retained earnings as at March 31, 2020 includes Rs: 3 Goodwill amortisation as per erstwhile Accounting Standard 14 and as per sche 		
ii)	Other comprehensive income		
	Opening balance		
	Opening balance Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	0.33	-
		0.33	-
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings		-
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured	0.33	<u>:</u>
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 3.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)]	39,997.72	39,961.51
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less-Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24)	0.33	39,961.51 39,961.51
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less- Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24) Unsecured	39,997.72 (39,997.72)	39,961.51
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less-Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24)	39,997.72 (39,997.72)	39,961.51 11,000.00
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less- Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24) Unsecured	39,997.72 (39,997.72)	39,961.51
18	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less- Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24) Unsecured 18% Non-convertible debentures [Refer footnote (i)]	39,997.72 (39,997.72) 11,000.00 11,000.00 edeemed after a period of the and become payable base ate of interest has been rev	39,961.51 11,000.00 50,961.51 inteen years from the d on the performance ised to 18% p.a with
18 i	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less-Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24) Unsecured 18% Non-convertible debentures [Refer footnote (i)] Notes 1,600 (2019:1,600) 18% non convertible debentures (NCD's) (series-l) will be redate of allotment which was 18 March 2015. Interest on these NCD's will accrue of the Company as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company. The reffect from 1 April 2017. The NCD's are listed pursuant to Regulation 54 of the Securities Exchange Boar	39,997.72 (39,997.72) 11,000.00 11,000.00 edeemed after a period of the and become payable base ate of interest has been rev	39,961.51 11,000.00 50,961.51 inteen years from the d on the performance ised to 18% p.a with
i	Remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset) Balance at the end of the Year Long-term borrowings Secured 8.53% Non-convertible debentures [Refer note 24 (i),(ii) & (iii)] Less-Transfer to Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer note 24) Unsecured 18% Non-convertible debentures [Refer footnote (i)] Notes Notes 1,600 (2019:1,600) 18% non convertible debentures (NCD's) (series-I) will be redate of allotment which was 18 March 2015. Interest on these NCD's will accrue of the Company as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company. The reffect from 1 April 2017. The NCD's are listed pursuant to Regulation 54 of the Securities Exchange Boar Requirements) Regulations, 2015.	39,997.72 (39,997.72) 11,000.00 11,000.00 edeemed after a period of the and become payable base ate of interest has been rev	39,961.51 11,000.00 50,961.51 inteen years from the d on the performance ised to 18% p.a with



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
20	Long-term Provisions		
	Provision for.		
	Gratuity	0.86	1.35
	Compensated absences	1.72	5.92
		2.58	7.27
21	Current tax liabilities (Net)		
	Provision for Income Tax	1,798.38	1,798.38
	Less: Advance tax and tax deducted at source	(1,769.28)	(1,769.28)
		29.10	29.10
22	Other non current liabilities		
	Unearned rent	745.95	60.94
		745.95	60.94
23	Trade and other payables		
	Due to Micro and small medium enterprises	-	-
	Due to other than MSME	356.51	259.42
		356.51	259.42

Trade payables are non - interest bearing and are due as soon as the bills are raised by the parties.

There are no amounts due to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprise as defined under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006. This information is based upon the extent to which the details are taken from the service providers by the Company and has been relied upon by the auditors.

24 Other financial liabilities

Other infancial flabilities		
Current Maturity of long term debenture (Refer footnote (i),(ii) &(iii)	39,997.72	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings - current classification	288.28	289.06
Interest- free security deposits from customers	1,860.97	2,209.22
Capital Creditors	265.42	-
Retention money payable	24.23	4.13
	42,436.62	2,502.41

Notes

4,000 (2019: 4,000) 8.53% non convertible debentures of Rs.1000000 each (secured). 8.53% non convertible debentures were allotted on February 10, 2017 ("deemed date of allotment"). Pursuant to the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed (DTD) executed between the Company and the Debenture Trustees, the required security on pari-passu basis on the following assets of the Company as specified in the aforesaid DTD have been created and maintained in respect of Secured Non-Convertible Debentures issued by the Company:

Convertible Debentures issued by the Company:

The Commercial Building namely, 'TRIL IT4', located at Infinity IT Park, 239, Bldg, No.4, Gen A. K. Veidya Marg, Dindoshi, Malad, Mumbai – 400 097 ii) Hypothecation of moveable assets.

ii The Company has provided bank guarantee aggregating to INR 853.00 lakhs (2019: 853.00 lakhs) to Yes Bank Limited in respect of the Debt Service Reserve Account ("DSRA") to be placed.

iii Movement of Secured debentures

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
Opening Balance	39,961.51	39,925.40
Add: Drawdowns made during the year		
Less: Syndication Fees paid during the year		
Add: Unwinding for the year	36.21	36.11
Closing Balance	39,997.72	39,961.51

These debentures were due for repayment on April 24, 2020 amounting to Rs:40,000 lakhs and Company has repaid through term loan from HSBC on April 22, 2020.

25 Short-term Provisions

	Provision for:		
	Gratuity	0.17	-
	Compensated absences	0.60	1.48
		0.77	1.48
26	Other current liabilities		
	Unearned rent	248.49	114.43
	Advance from tenants	11.31	10.63
	Statutory due payable	72.11	119.47
		331.91	244.53



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

as at 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

16 Share capital

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Authorised		
27,360,000 (2019:27,360,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	2,736	2,736
2,890,000 (2019:12,890,000) preference shares of INR 10 each	1,289	1,289
	4,025	4,025
Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
1,000,000 (2019: 1,000,000) equity shares of INR 10 each, fully paid-up	100 •	100
	100	100

a. Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Equity shares	31 March 2020		31 March 2019	
	No of shares	Rupees	No of shares	Rupees
At the beginning of the year	10,00,000	100	10,00,000	100
Issued during the year		-		
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,00,000	100	10,00,000	100

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has a single class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividend as declared from time to time.

The shareholders entered into an agreement to operate the business in the Company through share purchase agreement ("SPA") dated March 31, 2016. As par the terms of the agreement, both shareholders have joint equal participatory rights in operating matters and accordingly the voting rights of the equity shareholders are distributed.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

As per the terms of the agreement, the economic benefits of the Company shall be distributed between the shareholders on the basis on waterfall mechanism as defined in SHA. The Distribution Waterfall shall apply to all amounts paid/payable on the outstanding Securities of the Company, including proceeds to buy back Securities, payment of any dividend on any shares, payment of any coupon on debentures, premium, liquidation proceeds from sale of assets of the Company or any other distribution from the Company.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% in the Company as at 31 March 2020 is as set out below:

Equity shares of INR 10 each, fully paid-up	31 March 2	2020	31 March	2019
	No of Shares	% Holding	No of Shares	% Holding
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited and its nominee	7,40,000	74%	7,40,000	74%
Actis Treit Holdings No.2 (Singapore) Private Limited	2,60,000	26%	2,60,000	26%



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
27	Revenue from operations	7 754 47	6,930.12
	Lease rentals income Common area maintenance charges	7,751.17 705.85	626.79
	Revenue from other services (parking income, promotions and klosk income)	51.97	65.61
	Nevertible from other services (parking moonite, promotions and moonite)	8,508.99	7,622.52
28	Other income	123.26	10.00
	Profit on sale of mutual funds Mark to market gain on mutual funds	35.90	156.57
	Interest on fixed deposits	6.38	9.77
	Interest on delayed payments from customers	18.92	44.95
	Sundry balances written back	1.94	19.95
	Miscellaneous income	400.40	0.56
20	E-valous harafita avanna	186.40	241.80
29	Employee benefits expense Salaries, wages and bonus	51.04	65.56
	Compensated absences	(2.54)	3.25
	Gratuity	0.40	0.65
	Staff welfare	3.05	1.46
		51.95	70.92
30	Finance costs Interest cost	5,439.33	5.431.23
	Unwinding of interest expense on security deposits	219.45	161.09
	Andrews William Control of the Contr	5,658.78	5,592,32
31	Depreciation and amortisation expense		
31	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 4)	0.50	2.44
	Depreciation on investment property (refer note 5)	476.80	510.23
	Amortisation of intangible assets and goodwill	6,103.02	6,328.43
	[Includes amortisation of Goodwill Rs: 6,102.95 lakhs (Previous year		
	Rs.6,328.36 lakhs) & amortisation of other intangible asset Rs. 0.07 lakhs (Previous year Rs.0.07 lakhs)]		
	Taking (Translational Taking)	6,580.32	6,841.10
32	Other expenses Legal and professional fees	35.56	22.53
	Rates and taxes	14.25	0.16
	Property management expenses (Refer Footnote below)	734.64	705.09
	Property tax [net of recovery of Rs.23.5 lakhs (Previous year Rs.43.77 lakhs)]	208.76	188.49
	Asset management fees	135.75	148.40
	Travelling and conveyance	1.56	1.11
	Advertisement and business promotion expenses Payment to auditors (refer note 33)	13.20	4.11 12.20
	Provision for doubtful debts	213.57	12.20
	Brokerage	44.88	26.97
	Construction expenses on Food Court written-off	251.73	
	Loss on Sale of Investment property	15.13	*
	Repairs and maintenance - Others	267.76	4.32
	Miscellaneous expenses	14.11	10.04
		1,950.90	1,123.42
	Footnote:		
	Property management expenses	102.10	94.96
	Electricity Water	46.63	34.42
	Insurance	17.15	14.10
	Repairs and Maintenance	418.09	378.33
	Others	150.67	183.28
		734.64	705.09





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

22	Payment to auditors		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
33	Payment to auditors			
	As Auditor.			
	Statutory audit		10.70	10.20
	Tax audit		2.50	2.00
		_	13.20	12.20
34	Capital commitment			
	Contractual obligations in relation to the investment property:			
	Particulars	Charles and the	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed and not provi advances)	ded for (net of	19.81	23.91
35	Contingent liability			
	 a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts: 			
	Particulars	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
(i)	Income Tax demands contensted by the Company	•	86.06	
(ii)	Claims made by the third party	412.80	412.80	
		412.80	498.86	

The Company does not expect any outflow of economic resources in respect of the above and therefore no provision is made in respect thereof.

Operating segments

Basis for segmentation:

The Company has only one reportable business segment, which is development of real estate and infrastructure facilities and only one reportable geographical segment. All assets of the Company are domiciled in India and the Company earns entire revenue from its operations in India.

Major customers:

There are three customers which contribute more than ten per cent of revenue of the Company i.e. 31 March 2020 INR 5,105.30 lakhs (31 March 2019 : INR 4,544.23 lakhs).

37 Operating leases

Leases as a lessor

The Company leases out its investment property on operating lease basis (see note 6).

The Company has leased properties under non-cancellable operating leases. As at year end, the future minimum lease payments in respect of these properties till the expiry of lock in period is as follows:

In the capacity as lessor	31 March 2020	31-Mar-19
Not later than one year	5,513.16	1,535.73
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	20,051.25	1,177.04
Later than 5 years	948.74	

38 Earnings per share

The calculations of loss attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2020	31-Mar-19
(Loss) attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating basic and	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44)
Weighted average number of shares (Basic and diluted):		
Number of Equity shares at the beginning and as at the end of the year	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of Equity shares for calculating Basic and diluted earnings per	10,00,000.00	10,00,000.00
share		
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rupee per share)	(554.66)	(576.34)





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

39 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

A Parent Entity

Nature of relationship	Name of the entity
Entity with joint control	Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited
Entity with joint control	Actis Treit Holdings No.1 (Singapore) Private
	Limited

B Key Management Personnel

Mr. Sanjay Sharma - Director

Ms. Reena Wahi - Director

Mr. Ashish Singh - Director

Mr. Amit Sheth - Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Bhausaheb Kadam - Manager (upto 01.11.2019)

Mr. Abhijeet Maheshwari - Manager (from 17.04.2020)

Mr. Kaustubh Shevade - Company Secretary (upto 26.11.2019)

Mr. Jagatpal Singh - Company Secretary (from 17.04.2020)

C Transactions during the year

Transactions during the year	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Interest expenses		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	1,465.20	1,465.20
Actis Treit Holdings No.1 (Singapore) Private	514.80	514.80
Limited		
Reimbursement of expenses		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	25.77	29.36
Asset Management fees		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	135.75	143.59
Property Management fees		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	164.93	-

Balances outstanding	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
18% Non-convertible debentures		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	8,140.00	8,140.00
Actis Treit Holdings No.1 (Singapore) Private Limited	2,860.00	2,860.00
Trade and other payables		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	23.41	15.22
Interest accrued and not due		
Tata Realty and Infrastructure Limited	64.05	64.23
Actis Treit Holdings No.1 (Singapore) Private Limited	19,13	19.18

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

All the transactions with related parties are at arm's length and all the outstanding balances are unsecured.

There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31

March 2020, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Note: The related party relationships are as identified by the management which has been relied upon by the auditors





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

40 Tax losses carried forward

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items, because of no virtual certainty of the profit in the future year against which the deferred tax asset created can be utilised.

	31 March 2	020	31 March 2019		
Particulars	Gross amount	Expiry date	Gross amount	Expiry date	
Business loss (AY 2015-16)	126.55	31-Mar-23	126.55	31-Mar-23	
Unabsorbed depreciation (AY 2015-16)	343.71		343.71		
Unabsorbed depreciation (AY 2016-17)	8,813.39		8,813.39		
Unabsorbed depreciation (AY 2017-18)	6,381.50		6,381.50		
Unabsorbed depreciation (AY 2018-19)	5,815.25		5,815.25		
Unabsorbed depreciation (AY 2019-20)	4,232.76		4,232,76		
Unabsorbed depreciation (AY 2020-21)	3,171.72		-		





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

Note 41- Income Tax expense

(a) Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by	India's tax rate:	Rupees
Particulars	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
(Loss) before tax	(5,546.56)	(5,763.44
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate (CY 26.00%; PY 26%)	(1,442.11)	(1,498.49)
Tax effect of:		
Current-year losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised	824.65	1,110.27
Non-deductible tax expenses	1.10	2.38
Depreciation as per Income-tax Act	(1,089.99)	(1,350.81)
Depreciation as per Books of Accounts	1,710.88	1,778.69
Impact on account of Ind As adjustments	4.81	(1.32)
Mark to market gain on mutual funds	(9.33)	(40.71)
Tax expense for the year	(0.00)	0.00

(b) Movement in deferred tax balances

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.



Notes to Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

42 Employee Benefits:

(i) The Company has adopted Ind AS 19 on "Employee Benefits" as prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 issued by the Central Government.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans

Gratuity
The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on death or resignation or retirement calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 with no ceiling.

31 March 2020.

31 March 2019

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
I Change in the defined benefit obligation		
Liability at the beginning of the year	0.96	
Interest cost	0.07	
Current service cost	0.33	-
Benefits paid		000
Actuarial loss on obligations	(0.33)	
Liability acquired on acquisition / (settled on Divestiture)		
Liability at the end of the year	1.03	
Il Amount Recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Liability at the end of the year	1.03	
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year		-
Difference	1.03	
Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet	1.03	
Expenses Recognised in the statement of profit and loss		
Current Service Cost	0.33	
Interest Cost	0.07	
Expected Return on Plan Assets		
Net Actuarial (Gain) / Loss To Be Recognised	(0.33)	
Past service cost	41,510	
Expense Recognised in the statement of profit and loss	0.07	
Balance Sheet Reconciliation		
Opening net liability	0.96	
Expense as above	0.07	-
Employer's contribution received / (paid)		-
Liability acquired on acquisition / (settled on Divestiture)		
Amount recognised in Balance Sheet	1.03	
Actuarial Assumptions :		
Discount Rate	5.55%	0.009
Salary escalation	7.00%	0.009

Attribion Rate: Directors - Nil, Age 21-30 years - 5%, Age 31-40 years - 3%, Age 41-59 years - 2% Estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The Company's flability on account of gratuity is not funded and hence, the disclosures relating to the planned assets are not applicable.

Experience Adjustments:	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Defined benefit obligation	1.0	3 -
Plan assets	•	
Surplus / (Deficit)	(1.03)	
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities		
Experience adjustment on plan assets		

(iii) Other long term employment benefits
Compensated absences
The liability towards compensated absences for the year ended 31 March 2020 recognised in the Balance Sheet based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method amounted to INR 2.32 takes (2019: INR 7.40 takes)

Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

	31 March 2020	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2019
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (% movement)	-2.5%	2.9%		-
Salary escalation (% movement)	2.8%	-2.7%		-
Additional Date (0) management)	12 990	21 704		



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

43 Financial Instruments

43.1 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. It sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long-term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investments.

The funding requirements are met through a mixture of equity and debt securities in form of borrowings. The Company's policy is to use long-term borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements.

43.1.1 Capital Gearing Ratio

The Gearing Ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
Debt	11,288.28	51,250.57	
Less: Cash and bank balances	230.20	66.26	
Net Debt (A)	11,058.08	51,184.31	
Equity (B)	(28,368.59)	(22,822.36)	
Net Debt to Equity Ratio in times (A/B)	(0.39)	(2.24)	

Debt is defined as long-term Borrowings, and interest accrued thereon. Equity is defined as Equity Share Capital and Other Equity.

43.2 Categories of financial instruments

As on 31 March 2020	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
Financial assets (at amortised cost)		
Non current assets		1,575.78
Investments	1,584.76	
Trade Receivables		215.78
Cash and Cash Equivalent	1	230.20
Bank balances other than above	-	
Others		180.05
Total financial assets	1,584.76	2,201.81
Financial liabilities (at amortised cost)		
Borrowings		11,288.28
Trade Payables	1	
Security Deposits		3,679.37
Others		289.65
Total financial liabilities		15,257.30

As on 31 March 2019	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
Financial assets (at amortised cost)		
Non current assets		131.42
Investments	2,415.60	
Trade Receivables		433.96
Cash and Cash Equivalent		66.26
Bank balances other than above		150.00
Others		112,44
Total financial assets	2,415.60	894.08
Financial liabilities (at amortised cost)		
Borrowings	I I	51,250.57
Trade Payables	1	
Security Deposits		3,320.75
Others		4.13
Total financial liabilities		54,575.45





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

43 Financial Instruments

43.2.1 Fair value measurements of financial instruments

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities approximate their book values except for investments in mutual funds which are fair valued through profit and loss.

All instruments are fair valued using level 3 hierarchy.

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the level 3 category above has been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

43.3 Financial risk management objectives

The Company's financial risks mainly include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's Board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the board of directors on its activities

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

43.4 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is domiciled in India and has its revenues and other transactions in its functional currency i.e. INR. Accordingly the Company is not exposed to any currency risk. Also the Company does not hold any equity investments, accordingly the Company is not exposed to any equity price risk.

43.5 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to fixed deposits, mutual fund and borrowings from financial institutions.

The Company's fixed rate borrowings and fixed rate bank deposits are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in IND AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flow will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

43 Financial Instruments

43.6 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Company has rented out premises since 2008 and 59% of the Company's customers have been transacting with the Company for over 8 years and none of these customers balances are credit-impaired at the reporting date. The Company obtains security deposits from customers, so that in the event of non payment, the Company is able to recover the dues.





Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

43 Financial Instruments

43.7 Liquidity risk management

43.7.1 Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following table details the Company's expected maturity for its financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Company's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

		31 March 2020			31 March 2019		
Particulars	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	
Less than 1 year	2,210.79	-	-	3,091.39			
1-3 Years	474.46	-					
3 to 5 years	947.41			-			
5+ years	153.91	-		54.54			
Total	3,786.57			3,145.93			

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods based on the earliest date on which it may be required to pay. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period.

		31 March 2020			31 March 2019		
Particulars	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	
Less than 1 year	2,150.62		42,395.23	2,472.77		5,392.00	
1-3 Years	579.22		1,974.58	1,111.53		44,375.23	
3 to 5 years			3,960.00			3,960.00	
5+ years	1,239.19		18,925,42			18,925.42	
Total	3,969.03		67,255.23	3,584.30		72,652.65	



The Company has no overdraft facilities or loan facilities which may be extended by mutual agreement.



Notes to the Ind AS financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Currency: Indian rupees in lakhs)

44 Events occuring after the balance sheet date

There are no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date that would require adjustments or disclosures in the financial statements as on the balance sheet date.

World Health Organisation (WHO) declared outbreak of Comnavirus Disease (COVID-19) a global pandemic on March 11, 2020. Consequent to this, Government of India declared lockdown on March 25, 2020 and the Company suspended its operations in all ongoing projects in compliance with the lockdown instructions issued by the Central and State Governments. COVID-19 has impacted the normal business operations of the Company during the lock-down period.

The Company has made detailed assessment of its liquidity position for the next year and the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, investments, inventory, advances, trade receivables, Deferred taxes, other financial and non-financial assets etc. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future impact of the COV.D-19 pandemic, which may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

The Central and State Governments have initiated steps to lift the lockdown and the Company will adhere to the same as it resumes its activities. Since it is only about thirteen weeks into the pandemic, the Company will continue to closely observe the evolving scenano and take into account any future developments arising out of the same.

46 Previous Year's Figures

* RKU

Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified to conform to current year presentation, wherever considered necessary.

47 Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for by the Board on 17 June 2020

Notes 1 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TRIL IT4 Private Limited (formerly known as Albrecht Builder Private Limited)

CIN No. U74120MH2014PTC251684

Sanjay Sharma Director DIN No: 00332488

Amit Sheth Chief Financial Officer Membership No: 119161 Jagatpal Singh Company Secretary Membership No: 49006

epa Wahi

No: 08253098

Director

Abhijeet Maheshwari Manager

Mumbai 17 June 2020